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TUESDAY, MARCH 15, 1955.

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COMMENT OF
THE DAY

Liquor Licences

THE report of the Liquor Licensing Committee just published makes four main recommendations: that there should be one Licensing Authority; that there should be two, instead of the existing four types of liquor licences; that there should be one scale of fees for the full liquor licence, and that three-fifths of those fees should be charged for the restricted liquor licence; that liquor licence fees should be calculated according to the rateable value of the premises, but that until the rents of business premises cease to be controlled by the Landlord and Tenant Ordinance, and until rating is extended to the whole of the New Territories, the Commissioner of Rating and Valuation should be empowered to make a special valuation of licensed premises throughout the Colony for the sole purpose of assessing licence fees.

Principal effect of the Committee's work has been to rationalise an outmoded system of licensing and to remove inequitable anomalies. No tenable objections can be raised to the recommendations which seek to give substance to that policy. The idea of delegating the whole of the work of approving and issuing liquor licences to the Board of Licensing Justices is logical and acceptable, more especially as it is proposed the Secretary for Chinese Affairs should become the new chairman of the Board.

THE Trade can have few, if any complaints to make about the recommendations of four different types of licences into two clearly defined licences is a wise piece of simplification and should help to remove certain unfair advantages which holders of some of the present type of liquor licences enjoy over their competitors.

Elimination of the Chinese Restaurant Licence also suggests there can be more authoritative control over the way certain establishments at present obtaining that type of licence fulfil their obligations. The report notes, with justification, the invidious position in which the Secretary for Chinese Affairs has found himself placed on a number of occasions in having to deal with offenders. Manifestly it is fairer from every point of view that the responsibility for deciding whether a licence should be issued, and if necessary withdrawn, should rest with the full Licensing Board which includes Official and Unofficial Justices of the Peace.

IT is conceivable that only one serious objection is likely to be raised by the Trade, and that directed against the recommendation that licence fees be based on rateable value of premises. This may be the easiest, and from the revenue-raising viewpoint the most satisfactory method of fixing licence fees, but it hardly ranks as the most equitable. Rateable values may bear no relation to annual turnover from liquor sales, in other direction, and as the Committee readily admits, unfair anomalies are created by the existence of the Landlord and Tenant Ordinance controls. The Committee can take credit for suggesting a way of removing these anomalies, and the Trade can find some comfort in the knowledge that when the proposed new basis for assessing licence fees can be made effective, the impositions will be more fairly shared than at the present time. The Committee has performed a most useful job of work.

Jet Fuel For China
Efforts
Being Made
To Stop
The Aruba

Washington, Mar. 14. Senator John McClellan said that the Foreign Aid Director, Mr Harold Stassen, Navy and State Department officials assured him today that "steps are being taken" to prevent the Finnish tanker Aruba from reaching Red China with a cargo of jet plane fuel.

Senator McClellan, chairman of the Senate Investigating sub-Committee, declined to tell a news conference what the "steps" were. But he said: "I'm satisfied that some effort is being made to prevent this oil from reaching Red China. There is some hope that they will succeed."

Senator McClellan said he conferred with high officials today to secure co-operation with his sub-Committee's continuing surveillance of trade between the free nations and Red China.

NOT ENOUGH

"I think constant effort should be used by our government to induce other free nations to restrict trade with Red China," he said, "and that all of them, with us, should unite in strict compliance and enforcement against all contraband goods."

"I certainly don't think we have done enough."

Present at today's 90-minute conference in Senator McClellan's office were Mr Stassen, Admiral Walter Delaney, Foreign Operations Administration official in charge of East-West trade control, the acting Navy Secretary, Mr Thomas Gates, and Mr Thorsten Kalljarvi, deputy Assistant Secretary of State for Economic Affairs, and their assistants.

CONCERN NOT SHARED

Senator McClellan said the administration officials did not share his concern over the increased tonnage of free world shipping moving in and out of Communist Chinese ports. He said they told him that while the tonnage of shipping involved increased in 1954, the dollar value of shipments was the same as 1953 or even lower.

Senator McClellan said on Saturday that the voyage of the Aruba, loaded with fuel for Red China's jet planes, dramatised the "failure of our government to do something about this most disgraceful situation." After today's conference, he told newsmen the United States was doing something, but not enough.—United Press.

Talks Postponed

New Delhi, Mar. 14. The Prime Ministers of India and Pakistan have postponed their meeting, due to have been held on March 28, until after the Asian-African conference in Indonesia next month.

Today's announcement said that because of heavy pressure of engagements and visits by eminent foreign statesmen it would not be possible to have "full talks" during the period before next month's conference.—Reuter.

Treason Charges Against
US Soldier Dismissed

Baltimore, Mar. 14. On the grounds that he had been denied his constitutional right to a speedy trial, a federal judge today dismissed treason charges against a former army sergeant, John David Provo, 37, that he had committed treason while a wartime prisoner of the Japanese.

Provo was convicted and sentenced to life in prison on February 11, 1953 on charges of committing treason while a prisoner of the Japanese after the fall of the Philippines during the Second World War.

That trial was in New York and a Federal Appeals

Bombers Destroy Ten
Out Of Fleet
Of Seventy
ACTION OFF QUEMOY

Queen Mother
Indisposed



Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother has influenza and has cancelled her public engagements for this week, states a Reuter report from London.

Alleged
Spies
On Trial

London, Mar. 14. Warsaw Radio announced today that a military court in Warsaw has opened the trial of a group of people accused of "spying for America."

The radio said that six men were involved. Their names were given as Joseph Leszczewski, Stanislaw Rajkowski, Jozef Babiarz, Szyk Skowron, Jozef Sobolewski, and Feliks Stefanski. The radio said that Skowron had repeatedly approached an American correspondent with requests for help in transmitting hostile propaganda abroad.

EMBASSY SECRETARY
It added that he eventually had been put in touch with the Secretary of the British Embassy in Warsaw.

The radio alleged that Skowron's offer to work as a "spy and diversionist" resulted in an American agent named Leszczewski being sent to Poland.

The radio described Skowron as a "Fascist dignitary" and said that during the German occupation he tried to set up a Polish government under German auspices.

Three of the accused had been sent from an "espionage centre" near Frankfurt in West Germany, the radio said.

The radio named the Secretary of the British Embassy with whom Skowron was allegedly in contact as Mason.—Reuter.

Taipei, Mar. 14. The Nationalist Air Force announced that it destroyed 10 Chinese Communist gunboats and armed junks and turned back a 70-vessel Red fleet headed toward invasion-threatened Quemoy today.

Informed military quarters said that the Communist fleet was made up of 50 armed junks and 20 escorting gunboats. Seven junks and three gunboats were reported to have been destroyed. The Reds fled.

Military sources here did not know if this was a real invasion attempt against the vital offshore islands or just a feeler. A real invasion of Quemoy or Matsu by the Reds could bring United States forces into action.

A communique said that the Red vessels were hit in a sudden attack by Nationalist bombers.

The announcement said a wave of Nationalist planes was on patrol west of Kinmen when the pilots spotted a flotilla of more than 80 Communist craft west of Wu Yu Island, southeast of Amoy.

The report said that the Nationalist Air Force planes made seven strafing passes at the Red vessels despite heavy fire from the Chinese coast.

All Nationalist planes returned to base safely, the communique added.

This action was the biggest air attack by the Nationalist Air Force on Chinese Communist ships since the evacuation of Nanchi Island on February 24.

It came as Nationalist newspapers said that United States Vice-Admiral Alfred M. Pride and Nationalist military chiefs had put the finishing touches on a joint United States-Nationalist Formosa Command that will start functioning in April.—United Press.

Too Hot To
Handle

Washington, Mar. 14. Senator Walter George, Democrat, Georgia, Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, said tonight he would not accept the confidential report of the Malta and Yalta conference owing to the danger of leakage.

The State Department announced earlier today that copies of the report would not be released to the general public owing to security risks but would be supplied in confidence to Congressional leaders and to the Foreign Affairs, Appropriations and Armed Services committees.

Senator George said that if half the rumours about the nature of the report were true no responsible person would wish to risk revealing the contents.

He feared the revelations might have regrettable political repercussions in the world particularly while the Paris agreements were in the process of being ratified.—France-Press.

More Outrages
In Casablanca

Casablanca, Mar. 14. Two Moroccan men were killed and three more seriously injured in three separate outrages here today.

A well-known Moroccan footballer, Abdelhakman Haffar, of the Widad Athletic Club, was seriously wounded by a bullet in the old Arab quarter of Medina, while a man standing by was killed.

In the new Medina an office worker was also killed, while a hawker and a grocer were seriously injured. In former Casablanca suburb, Boukhaj, a man was killed.

Revolutionaries were used in all the outbreaks.—France-Press.

Butler Missing

London, Mar. 14. Oscar Rudolf Fuchs, aged about 60, who was personal butler to the High Commissioner for India until last Thursday, has been reported missing to the Kensington Police.

Fuchs, who had been employed as a butler in the High Commissioner's residence in Kensington Gardens, failed to call there on Friday to collect his wages and left behind a note stating his personal effects.—France-Press.

Australia's
New Role
In SE Asia
Defence

Washington, Mar. 14. Australia will substantially increase its defence commitments in Southeast Asia under a plan of action agreed to by Mr Robert Menzies, the Australian Prime Minister, and President Eisenhower today, according to informed sources.

The sources said that Mr Menzies would recommend to his Cabinet immediately on his return to Australia that Australia must take quick steps—in time with the United States, Britain and New Zealand—to secure the northern approaches.

Mr Menzies and Mr Eisenhower, with Sir Percy Spender, the Australian Ambassador, and Mr John Foster Dulles, the Secretary of State, agreed at a White House conference this morning that the power vacuum to the south of Communist China would have to be quickly filled lest China attempt further expansion, it was learned.

GIVEN ASSURANCES

Mr Menzies said to have told American leaders that if Australia were to assume a more substantial share of Asian defence the United States would have to reciprocate.

The sources said he obtained assurances that the United States would maintain powerful mobile striking forces in the Western Pacific theatre while the "danger of Communist aggression" remained.

Further the United States had acknowledged the Australian policy that if Australia were to contribute solidly to the mutual defence effort now and in the event of war, the United States should conduct its trade patterns so as to help keep Australian primary and secondary industry on a firm footing ready for expansion.

At the Prime Minister's request, Australian officials declined to discuss specific details of today's talks.

COMPLETE AGREEMENT

But one well-informed source said "the exchange today was extremely valuable. There was complete agreement in principle about Asian logistics and strategy and details will be worked out among defence experts on both sides during the next week."

It is understood that under plans now being drawn up Australia will contribute an air wing and at the very least a battalion of troops in Malaya. Further, Australia will modernise and maintain its major bases on an "alert" footing.

Officials here declined to speculate whether these commitments would entail extension of Australia's national service training programmes.—Reuter.

FIRES AND
A TORNADO

New York, Mar. 14. Fires which burned out more than 175,000 acres of timber and swampland raged today in Georgia, Florida and Alabama as the South absorbed the full force of a March blizzard.

A tornado left two dead in South Carolina and at least five other deaths in the South were attributed at least partially to the weather. But the March roar was little more than a puff to the rest of the country as the winds eased off in the South-west "dust bowl" area and Ohio River flood waters ebbed.

The fire danger was acute in Southern Georgia and Alabama and Northern Florida, but the Atlanta Weather Bureau said some showers may ease the threat.

In Georgia, where the worst fire damage was reported with an estimated 75,000 acres scorched by wind-swept flames, two persons were arrested on charges of setting fires—one of the persons was a woman.

Forestry officials said a patrol plane spotted the woman touching off a blaze—United Press.

Government
Wins Again

London, Mar. 14. The House of Commons rejected by a vote of 298 to 205 today a Labour-sponsored motion to ensure the Conservative Government for delay in bringing about top-level talks between Britain, the United States and the Soviet Union on disarmament and the hydrogen bomb.

In a second vote the House of Commons approved by 289 votes to 266 a Conservative-sponsored amendment which approved the steps taken by the government toward an agreement on the reduction and control of armaments production. The amendment also said that the Paris agreements should be ratified before any top-level talks are held with the Russians.—France-Press.

Novel Reason
For Strike

Swansea, Mar. 14. Five overseas students are on strike at a private Swansea college—because they said some of their lessons are too short.

The students, who have been studying at Norton College, stated today they struck on Friday and are now refusing to take meals or lessons there.

Two are from France and the others are from Malaya, Greece and Nigeria.

They said they were not complaining about food but because they felt not sufficient time was being given to certain subjects.

The students were stated later to be M. Ramamathan, 21, of Malaya; Tunji Elias, 20, of Nigeria; Phoebe Karayianou, 18, of Greece; Jacques Schmitz, 22, of France; and Henri Roux, 22, of Paris.—China Mail Special.

Sentenced By
People's Court

London, Mar. 14. A Chinese Communist People's Court has sentenced to death two "spies" alleged to have been parachuted into the mainland one to work for the United States and the other for the Chinese Nationalists.

The Peking Daily today named the "American spy" as Chu Feng-chi and the "Chinese spy" as Kuo Ching-chang.

They were found guilty by the Shanghai Provincial People's Court. Three accomplices were sentenced to long terms of imprisonment, the paper added.—Reuter.

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Tension
In
Saigon

SHOCK TROOPS
CALLED OUT

Saigon, Mar. 14. Shock troops urgently summoned by the Prime Minister, Mr Ngo Dinh Diem, poured into Saigon today and the Government prepared for a showdown with the powerful Vietnamese sects whose opposition threatens Indo-China with civil war.

Companies of tough paratroopers, veterans of hard fighting in North Indo-China, were stationed at critical points today and the capital. More reinforcements, including 2,000 infantry loyal to the Government, were expected at any time.

Tension mounted near the French point this morning when the Governor of South Vietnam, Mr Tran Van Lam, narrowly escaped with his life from an assassination plot.

A time-bomb exploded under Mr Lam's car outside his villa as the Governor was about to enter it. The attempt was considered here a "declaration of war" against the capital. The three sects, the Cao Dai, the Hoa Hao, and the Binh Xuyen.

As a counter-move to Mr Diem's deployment of troops, the Binh Xuyen, the smallest sect but the one which controls the Police in Saigon, ordered its special assault troops into posts in the city and its suburbs usually occupied by Police and auxiliaries.

Mr Diem is reported to be determined to wrest control of the Police and the security services from Ba-Vien, leader of the Binh Xuyen, as the first step in cleaning the country of corruption, law and venality.

PREPARED ACTION
Vien has refused to relinquish his control unless the Emperor, Bao Dai, still in his French Riviera chateau at Cannes, orders him directly to do so. If that order came, then Vien was reported to be ready to flee into the hinterland with the entire Police force and wage an guerrilla war against the Government from there.

The Government retaliated by ordering bodyguards for high Government officials and declaring that bars close at midnight.—United Press.

DEFENCE TALKS

Manila, Mar. 15. Gen. Maxwell D. Taylor and President Ramon Magasaysay will confer briefly today. It was believed that the talks would touch on Philippine defence.

Gen. Taylor was designated Commander of the US Far East Command and the UN Command, will arrive at 3 p.m. from Hong-kong.—United Press.

KING'S PRINCESS EMPIRE

FINAL TO-DAY!

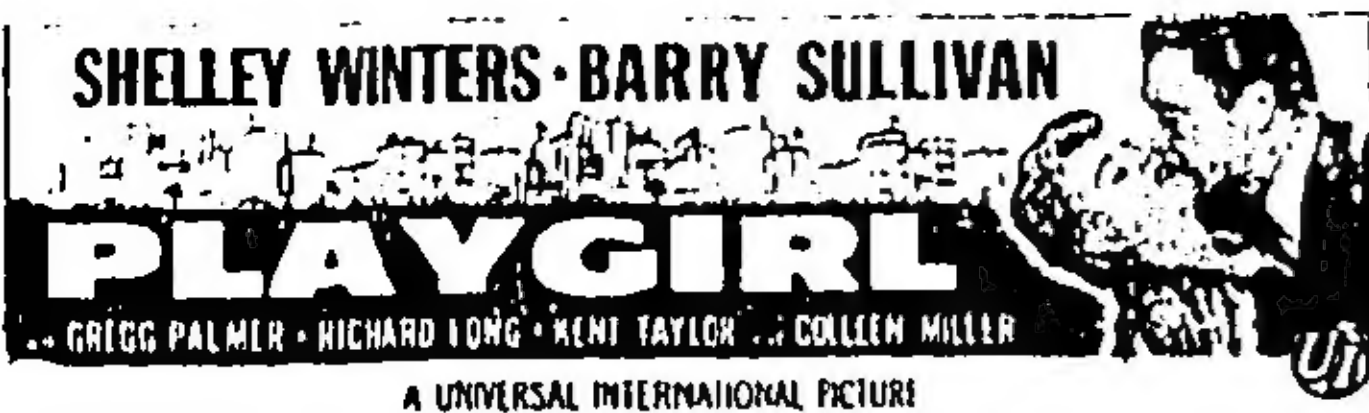
4 SHOWS AT SPECIAL TIMES

King's At 2.15, Princess At 2.15, Empire At 2.15,
4.45, 7.15 & 9.40 p.m. 4.45, 7.15 & 9.45 p.m. 4.45, 7.15 & 9.40 p.m.



KING'S PRINCESS

TO-MORROW



EMPIRE

TO-MORROW

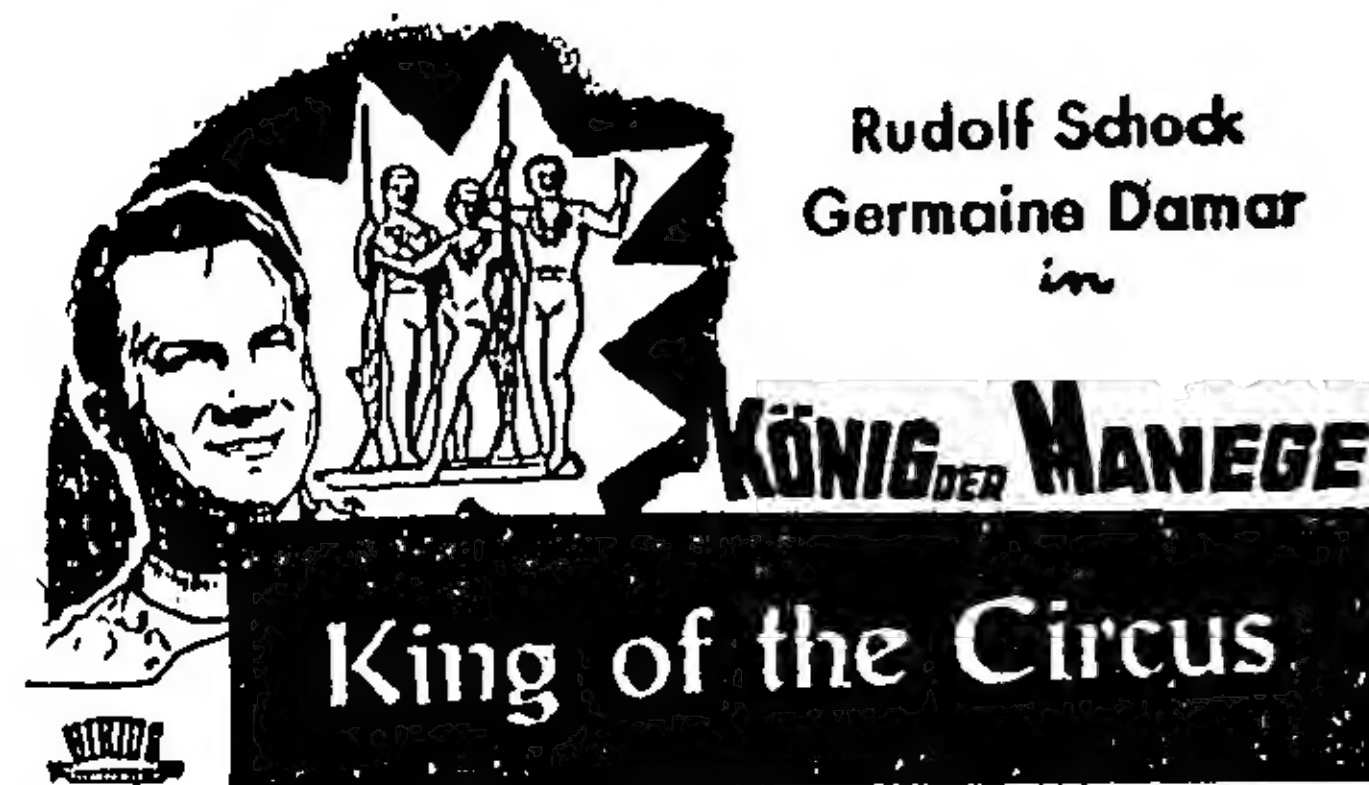


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WITNESS TO MURDER

To-morrow: "GREAT EXPECTATIONS"

Industrialisation of Asia

will beat communism

STASSEN REPORTS TO PRESIDENT

Washington, Mar. 14.

Mr Harold Stassen, Director of the Foreign Operations Administration, reported to President Eisenhower today that industrialisation was needed to bolster Asia against Communism.

Mr Stassen spent half an hour with the President, outlining the conclusions he drew from a 30,000-mile, three-week tour of Asian countries. He returned to Washington yesterday.

Mr Stassen confirmed that the President would send a foreign aid message to Congress about the middle of next month.

He declined to go into detail except to say that overall foreign aid requests would be kept within the 350 million dollars of new money which the President asked in the Budget for the fiscal year, starting July 1.

LESS AID

In reply to a question Mr Stassen conceded the Asian aid total would be somewhat less than he had in mind a few months ago. He declined to say how much less.

Mr Stassen's trip to the Far East took him to Ceylon, India, Pakistan, Thailand, the Philippines, South Korea and Japan. He called the area "The Arc of Free Asia."

He said he found the food supply in the region "better than at anytime in the last 50 years." But he added: "That doesn't mean it is completely adequate."

The greater need, Mr Stassen went on, was for "industrialisation of the area." He said the United States was "prepared to co-operate toward achievement of the goal."—Reuter.

JAPANESE VIEW

Tokyo, Mar. 15.

The Foreign Minister, Mr Mamoru Shigemitsu, called today (Tuesday) for a vigorous programme of economic assistance from Western nations to help develop Asia.

Mr Shigemitsu, speaking at the opening session of the 17th meeting of the United Nations Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East Committee on Industry and Trade, said, "Peace and stability in Asia are an indispensable element to world peace."

He said Asian nations, handicapped by little capital, high population increase and inferior industrial production and technical skill, will find it difficult to "accomplish the task of laying a solid foundation for their economic development entirely by their own strength."

"Therefore, it is strongly urged," he said, "that our colleagues of more advanced countries outside the region come to our aid armed with a large-scale and vigorous programme of economic assistance, particularly in the field of much needed capital."

Mr Shigemitsu told the ECAFE delegates, "I believe the speedy improvement of the economic conditions and raising of the standard of living of these under-developed countries will surely serve to lay a foundation for a stable and lasting world peace."

NOT ONLY OUTSIDE

But he said Asian nations should not depend on countries outside the ECAFE region alone.

"Nothing much can be expected unless countries of the region take upon themselves to mutually co-operate and to accelerate the trade and the interchange of industrial techniques and capital," he said.

Mr Shigemitsu said that Japan for many years has "held fast to its policy of economic co-operation with the rest of the countries of Asia."

He said that although Japan was short on capital, it could provide capital goods and technical assistance to its Asian neighbours.—United Press.

ACADEMY MEMBER



Jean Cocteau, one of the most unconventional men in the artistic life of Paris, who has been elected a member of the French Academy, the most staid of France's institutions. Cocteau has shocked with his poems, paintings, stories, plays, music and films.—Central Press Photo.

SCIENTISTS SUPPORT ATTLEE

Washington Mar. 14.

Scientists today gave qualified support to the proposal of Mr Clement Attlee, British Labour leader, that scientists from both sides of the Iron Curtain should prepare a statement on the dangers of continued hydrogen and atom bomb tests.

Today Mr Stanley Livingston, Chairman of the Federation, and Professor of Physics at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, said he presumed Mr Attlee was thinking of a scientists' meeting under United Nations auspices.

If this was correct then the Federation welcomed his proposal. But a meeting held under conditions was not likely to produce confidence and he said that scientists acting alone could not be considered spokesmen for their governments.

The Federation's proposal was submitted to the State Department and to Mr Henry Cabot Lodge, United States delegate to the United Nations.

State Department officials said it was being studied but they would not comment on it or Mr Attlee's proposal today.—Reuter.



The square face and keen gaze of General Liu Yu-chang shows him to be one of the toughest of the Nationalist Generals. He was born in Shensi Province where Chinese Communism first came to bear and he is well acquainted with their methods. Like most of the rising generation of young Nationalist Generals he is a graduate of Whampoo Military Academy, 4th class. General Liu Yu-chang commanded the 32nd Nationalist Army in the final stages of the war with Japan. He is known for his skill in offensive operations. Significantly he was chosen to command the Quemoy garrison in May last year when Nationalist hopes of invading the mainland were still high. He is really one of the best Nationalist generals who holds a key area. N.E. Class mark of the Whampoo Military Academy signifies the year in which officers passed out, the first being in 1921.—Express Photo.

DULLES ISSUES WARNING

Congress Told To Approve Aid Programme

Washington, Mar. 14.

The Secretary of State, Mr John Foster Dulles, said today that failure by Congress to approve President Eisenhower's foreign trade programme would cause "grave" international consequences.

He said that the programme would continue a policy under which the United States has prospered and its economic ties with friendly nations have been strengthened. Foreign trade with the United States is vital to the economic well-being of the allies of the United States, he said.

"If the United States were now to abandon the policy which has so well served our own country and others, the international repercussions would be major and their consequences would be grave," Mr Dulles said.

"BIG GUNS" The Administration was wheeling up its big guns in an effort to get Senate approval of the reciprocal trade programme. Mr Dulles submitted his views to the Senate Finance Committee.

The Committee is considering the programme which narrowly squeaked through the House with the aid of the Democratic leadership.

The legislation would continue the trade programme for another three years and give the President power, under certain conditions, to cut tariffs 15 per cent over the period.

The Committee had heard requests from some industries, such as textiles, silk, and mining, that the President be given no additional powers to cut tariffs.

Mr Dulles told the Senators, "The need for Allied unity remains great and the strains placed on that unity are severe under all the circumstances, I deem it of the utmost importance that the United States should continue the present trade agree-

ments policy which takes account of our international relations."

He said that the President is the only man in a position to have "the complete overall picture."

If the President is not entrusted with some discretion, he said, the United States tariff policy will be operated "without due regard to international considerations."

"That will inevitably endanger our nation," he said.

JAP THREAT

Senator Ralph E. Flanders asked Mr Dulles about the possibility of concentrating Japan's trade primarily in Asia rather than with the United States. American textile manufacturers contend that Japanese imports are threatening their industry.

"I think that can be done," Mr Dulles told Mr Flanders. He said the question of Japan's trade future is "concerning the United States very much."

He said he thought it lay primarily in Asia and in exchanging its manufactured goods for raw materials and food from less-industrialised Asian nations.

Mr Dulles said he expects to support the trade extension, but only for a two-year period.—United Press.

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Social climber

Fig. 1



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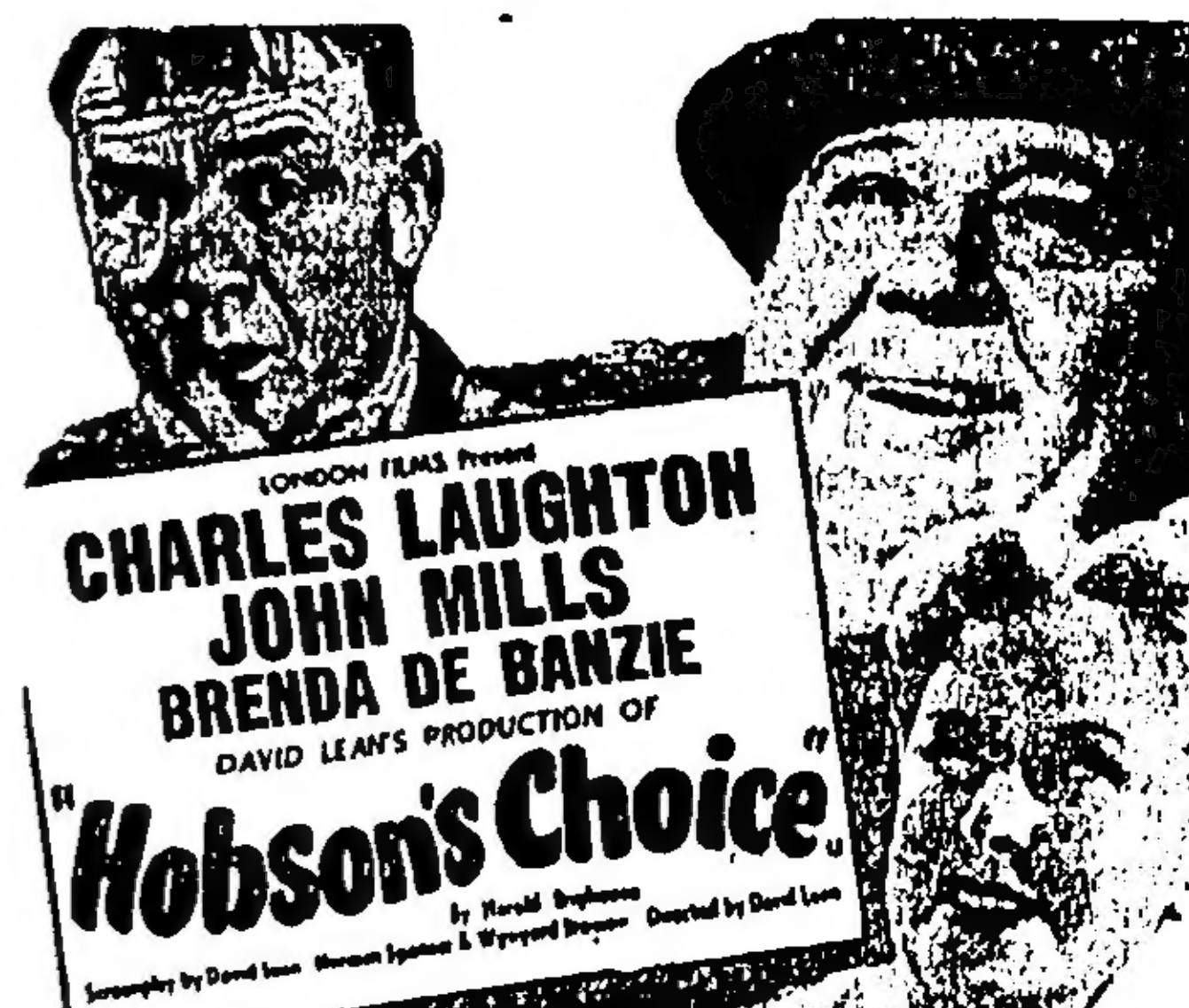
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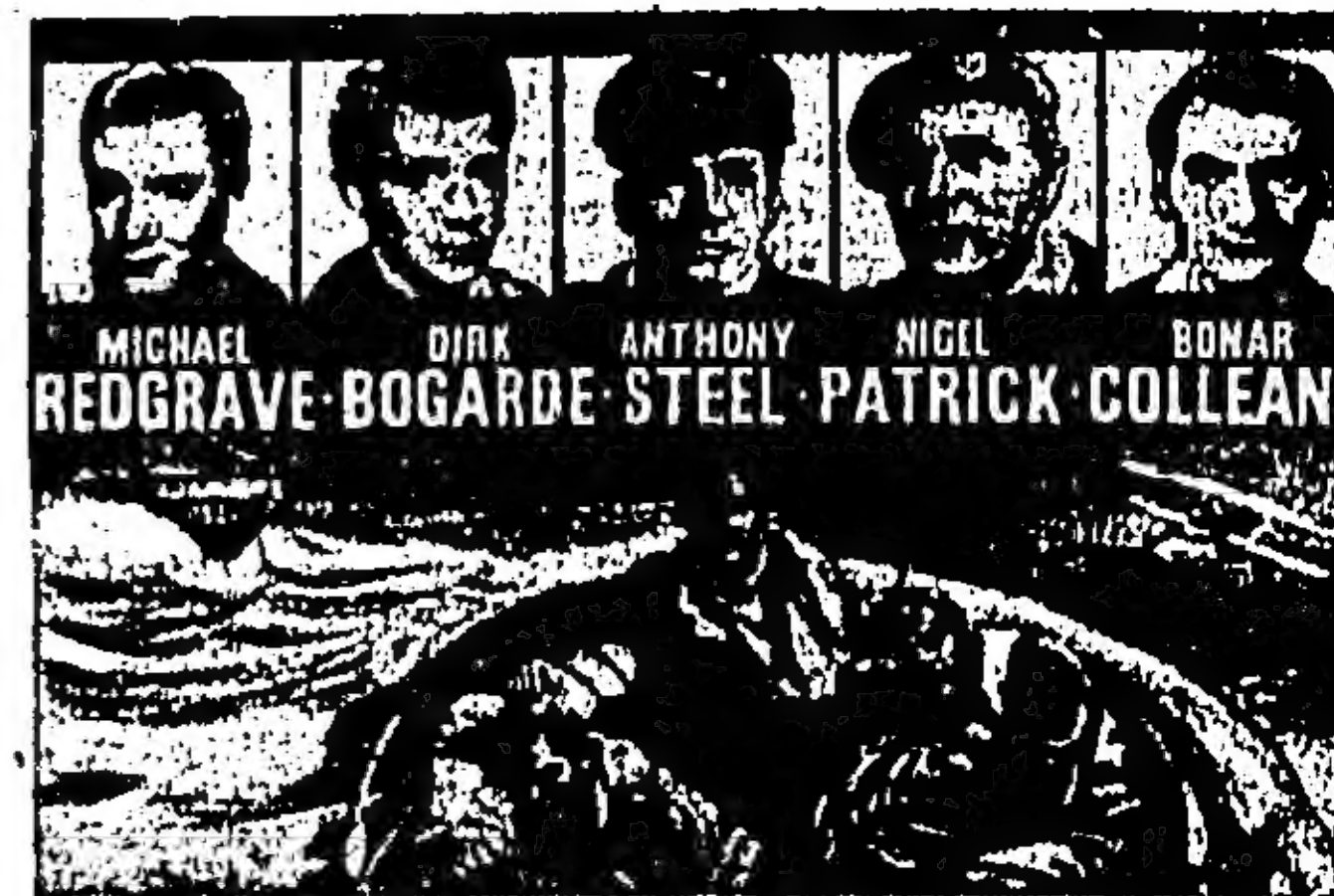
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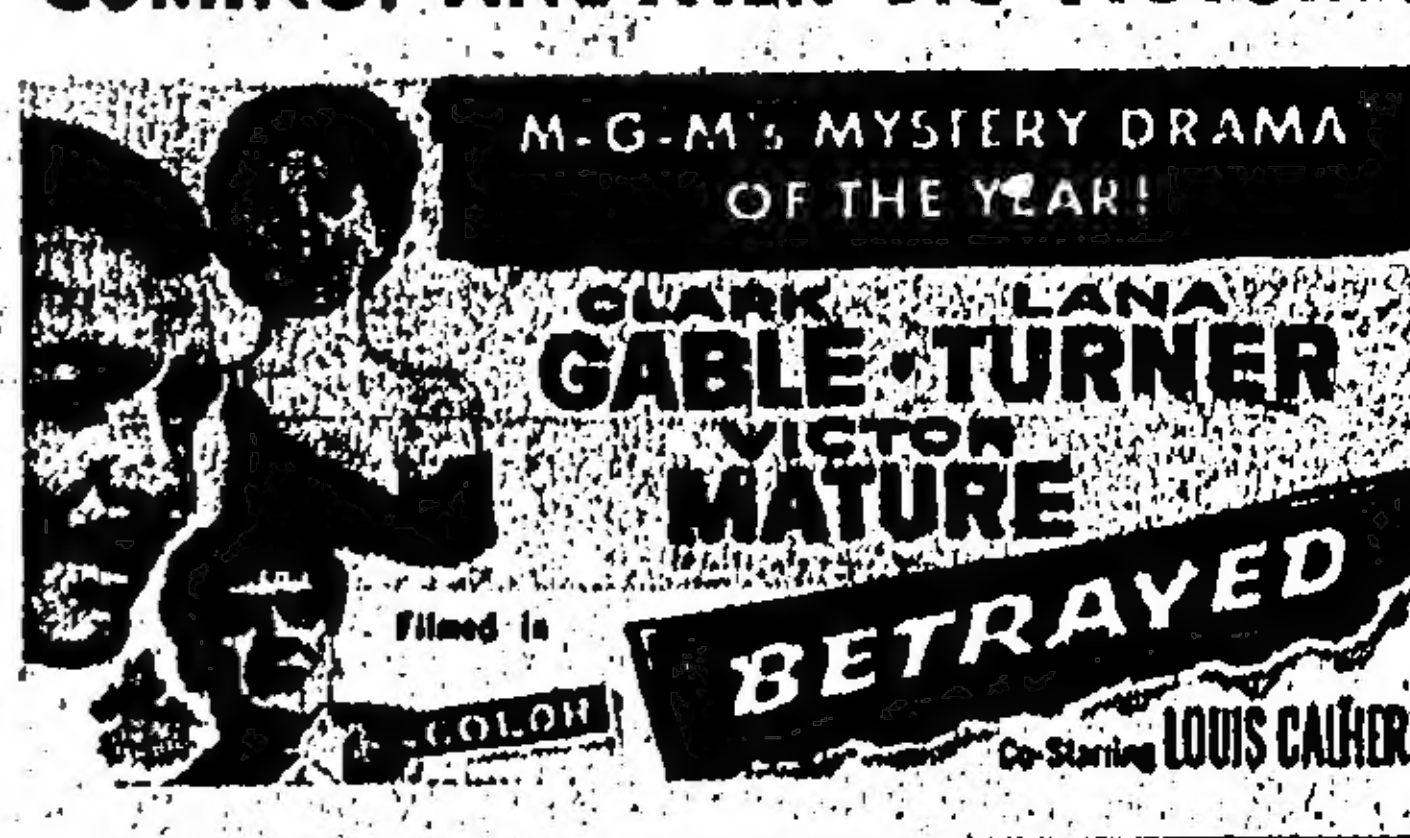
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Fig. 1



BLACK-OUT IN NEGEV AREA

Israel Adopts Special Security Measures As Tension Increases

Tel-Aviv, Mar. 14.

Border settlements in the Negev area are blacked out and adopting special security measures as a result of tension on the Israel-Egypt border, Israeli newspapers reported today.

An Israeli military spokesman announced that a Public Works Department vehicle had struck a mine on a road north of Elath. No one was hurt.

Otto Strasser In Dublin



Dublin, Mar. 14. Otto Strasser, a former German Nazi leader who broke with Adolf Hitler in 1934, arrived here tonight by air from Paris.

He was authorized to stay in Ireland for a private visit to last for five days.

Mr. Strasser lost his German citizenship after a clash with Hitler in 1934. He spent 14 years in Canada, and returned to Europe last year.

Mr. Strasser was met at the airport here by Stephen Hele, an Irish businessman of German descent who was interned in Elze during the last war for "security reasons" on the ground that he had been in touch with German agents parachuted into Ireland in 1940. — *France-Press.*

London, Mar. 14. The Labour Party tonight made it clear it would put up an official candidate against Sir Richard Acland the Labour MP who resigned last week over the hydrogen bomb and said he would contest his Gravesend seat as an Independent. — *Reuter.*

Truce Chief Awaited

The so-called Israel had edged complaints about the last two incidents to the Israeli-Jordan Mixed Armistice Commission.

According to United Nations sources, the matter of procedure is being left to Gen. Burns. He was expected to present the report and then may answer questions. The full-scale debate on the Gaza incident will probably not begin until after Gen. Burns has given his replies, probably at a subsequent meeting.

The provisional schedule for Thursday's meeting was for Gen. Burns to make his report and then Mr. Omar Loutfi, chief Egyptian delegate, to deliver a formal statement on the Gaza affair. A reply by the Israeli Ambassador, Mr. Abba Eban, will follow.

Missionaries Banned From Assam

Shillong, Mar. 14. Mr. B. R. Mohd, Assam State Chief Minister, said today the Government had every right to keep away foreign missionaries from border areas if the Government considered them a desirable on political grounds.

He said: "In our secular country we allow everyone to preach religion without let or hindrance, and every citizen has a right to preach religion. But that is limited to Indians only."

"If any foreigner wants to carry any propaganda which should we allow him to come here?"

Earlier a member of the Assam Assembly had drawn Mr. Mohd's attention to the Government's ban on the entry of two English missionaries to recruit two retired missionaries in the Lushai Hills, where 80 per cent of the population is Christian. — *Reuter.*

He also reported that Israeli policemen had been fired on in Beth Rafat village near Jerusalem without being hit.

United Nations sources said that Gen. Burns' report is almost in final form but that he will discuss with Mr. Hammarstrand the procedure for presenting it.

According to United Nations sources, the matter of procedure is being left to Gen. Burns. He was expected to present the report and then may answer questions. The full-scale debate on the Gaza incident will probably not begin until after Gen. Burns has given his replies, probably at a subsequent meeting.

The provisional schedule for Thursday's meeting was for Gen. Burns to make his report and then Mr. Omar Loutfi, chief Egyptian delegate, to deliver a formal statement on the Gaza affair. A reply by the Israeli Ambassador, Mr. Abba Eban, will follow.

Mr. Loutfi's statement was expected to take at least one hour. Egyptian delegation officials were conferring with Lt. Col. Salah Gohar, Director of Palestine Affairs in the Egyptian War Ministry and chief of Egypt's truce delegation to the Mixed Armistice Commission. Col. Gohar made personal inspection of the Gaza area and participated in all MAC discussions on the affair.

The Colonel will sit with the Egyptian delegation in the Security Council during the coming debate.

COMPARATIVE LULL

There was a comparative lull in the private talks between Council members. The United States Ambassador, Mr. Henry Cabot Lodge, Jr., returned from London on Sunday and was occupied with studying the Gaza case. American sources said that the arrival of Gen. Burns would give new impetus to activity preceding the meeting on Thursday.

No resolution has been prepared by the Western Big Three, authoritative sources said. They said that a "number of ideas have been raised and there have been some notes but nothing concrete has been set down yet." — *Reuter & United Press.*

NO US CHANGE IN ATTITUDE TO BIG-3 TALKS

By Paul Scott Rankine

Washington, Mar. 14.

There was no indication here today of any change in the American attitude towards proposals for top-level talks with Russia of which Sir Winston Churchill spoke in the British House of Commons today.

President Eisenhower's overall position is that he is prepared to confer with Soviet leaders anytime but only if they can first convince him through deeds or in any other way that they sincerely desire to negotiate their differences with the West constructively and in good faith.

It is generally believed in official circles here, however, that the Soviet Government will in fact agree in principle to such a Big Four Foreign Ministers' conference this year but may seek to use the conference as a means of delaying German rearmament.

MADE IMPOSSIBLE American officials here say that the last presentation of Soviet policy made by the Foreign Minister, Mr. V. M. Molotov on the same day that the new Soviet Premier Marshal Bulganin assumed office, made impossible from the start hopes that these changes might themselves lead to a more constructive and conciliatory attitude by the Soviet Government.

President Eisenhower himself has made it clear that if he thought there was the slightest chance of something constructive coming out of a meeting between himself, Sir Winston and Soviet leaders "at the summit" he would not permit political considerations such as opposition from his own Party to hold him back. — *Reuter.*

Lady Docker Wins Title



LADY Docker, wife of Sir Bernard Docker, the industrialist, meets the challenge of the girls of Castleford, Yorkshire, and matches her skill against theirs at marbles in aid of charity. Local factory girls had invited Lady Docker to attend the function, and she won the title. — *Reuterphoto.*

Intoxicated By Success

Damascus, Mar. 14. Champion drinker George Daoud Atallah, 27, drank 81 cups of arak (Lebanon's national drink) before breakfast to fend his bile, before landing in gaol. After successfully defending his title Atallah, intoxicated by success, went for a walk in the park, where he challenged the police. He was arrested, brought before the court and sentenced to one month's imprisonment. — *China Mail Special.*

Sweeping Tax Increase In Denmark

Copenhagen, Mar. 14. THE Danish Folketing (Parliament) after sitting almost continuously for more than two days, tonight agreed on sweeping taxes to deal with the foreign currency crisis.

A 12 per cent tax is clamped on manufactured goods, including jewelry, watches, radios, TV sets, clothing, textiles and plastic goods, and tea, coffee and petrol.

The Social Democratic Government's aim is to curb home spending by 1,000 million kroner (about 50 million sterling) over the next five years.

The proceeds are to be returned to taxpayers in State loans redeemable in several years. The news released today that Denmark had increased her debt to the European Payments Union in February by \$11,400,000 (£4,071,430) gave urgency to the discussions. — *Reuter.*

A British Crossword Puzzle



- ACROSS
- Used in riding (4).
 - Bears witness (7).
 - Platform (4).
 - Makes a stand on (7).
 - Eager (4).
 - Withered (4).
 - Skinsuit (7).
 - Apart (5).
 - Uttered (5).
 - Came out (7).
 - Grew old (4).
 - Changed direction (4).
 - Tangled (7).
 - Colour (4).
 - Bring up (7).
 - Royal lady (7).
 - Part of an egg (4).
- DOWN
- Localities (5).
 - Chanced (5).
 - Foreign (5).
 - Ball game (5).
 - Supplementing (5).
 - Teacher (5).
 - Wise (4).
 - Prevailing (4).
 - Expectant (4).
 - Document (4).
 - Hinders (5).
 - Storehouse for food (6).
 - Core (5).
 - Musical note (5).
 - Revolving part of machine (5).
 - American dandles (5).

YESTERDAY'S CROSSWORD: Across: 1. Dour, 5. Douse, 8. Siron, 9. Asleep, 10. Savoy, 11. Denim, 12. Once, 13. Sora, 16. Gentle, 17. Treach, 18. Layer, 22. Blas, 23. Prate, 25. Canoe, 26. Lashed, 27. Steer, 28. Sore, 29. Sore, Down: 1. Diagonal, 2. Velocity, 3. Used, 4. Ripeness, 5. Dangle, 6. Enamel, 7. Sheaf, 14. Register, 15. Subside, 16. Carrot, 17. Nettle, 18. Repose, 21. Abate, 24. Barn.

Conflicting Views Over Formosa

DULLES WILL DISCUSS PROBLEM IN CANADA

Washington, Mar. 14.

The Secretary of State, Mr. John Foster Dulles, and top Canadian officials probably will discuss conflicting views on Formosa during Mr. Dulles' forthcoming Ottawa visit, diplomatic sources said today.

Mr. Dulles and his Canadian hosts are not expected to reach a common proposal on the Formosa problem. But officials said that a full exchange of views at least should help each nation better to understand the position of the other.

Canada leans toward the British view that Quemoy, Matsu and other Nationalist-held islands actually belong to the Red-bellied Chinese mainland. The Canadian Foreign Minister, Mr. Lester B. Pearson, has said it would be folly to go to war over Quemoy and Matsu.

Mr. Dulles, who has just returned from a tour of South-east Asia and the Western Pacific, is certain to tell what he learned. That should include his impressions of whether there will be war or peace in the Formosa area. Mr. Dulles may also discuss with the Canadian officials the recent change in the Government and what it means to the free world, progress toward German rearmament, and perhaps United States-Canadian trade problems. — *United Press.*

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Hussein's Bride-To-Be Is Lovely, Intelligent

By ALAN MCGREGOR

EVER since her engagement to King Hussein of Jordan, Princess Dina Abdel Hamid has been exceptionally busy—marking 400 examination papers. This beautiful 25-year-old Cambridge graduate, with sensitive hazel eyes and delicate oval face and slim graceful figure, is not the sort of girl to leave a job unfinished. She hopes to carry on her post as Lecturer of English Literature at Cairo University until the end of term. Her students hope so too. Princess Dina is the most popular and most distinguished member of the University's women teaching staff. Popular because she's lovely to look at and highly intelligent, with a lively sense of humour. Distinguished because she's a member of the noblest of all Arab families, the Royal Hashemites, descendants of the Prophet Mohamed and rulers of Mecca for centuries. Both Hussein and Faisal of Iraq are her cousins. She enjoys talking about literature, world politics, travel, art, in fact everything except herself.

No Make-Up

"I don't like publicity and really I'm not interested enough for an interview," she said smilingly when I called at the sumptuous modern villa where she lives with her parents in the garden village of Maadi, on the Nile. The house stands in its own grounds on a quiet avenue between feathery eucalyptus trees. The Princess was dressed in a pale grey tailored costume. She wears her raven hair in two braided plaits knotted at the back of her head. She doesn't use make-up, and her skin is clear. Her mother is a Circassian of that Caucasian mountain people whose womenfolk are famed for their good looks. The Princess's voice is finely modulated and her English that of Cambridge without a trace of an Arabic accent. She was born and brought up in Egypt, educated at an English girls' college here before



Princess Dina

going to Girton College, Cambridge, in 1947 at the age of 17. She was very happy there, though she said with a laugh: "Sometimes the examiners and I didn't think alike. I would get profoundly interested in certain poets and writers only to be asked to write an essay on something quite unrelated to what interested me most!" She graduated with B.A. honours. Hussein and she first met in the Jordanian capital of Amman nine years ago, but only got to know each other properly when both were in England. After a year at Harrow Hussein went to

Sandhurst, and Dina travelled down one chilly winter day to see him march in the passing-out parade. Later they were often seen dancing together in the West End.

Her favourite relaxation is reading. She likes to travel and has just learned to drive a small car, a handy size for Cairo's jam-packed streets. She can look forward to some fast motoring with Hussein, who is turning police officials' hair white by taking his British sports car up to the 100-mile-an-hour mark on the Baghdad road that runs straight for miles across desert from Amman. He also likes piloting an Arab Legion plane round his desert mountain kingdom.

Fine Eyes

Princess Dina's fine eyes clouded when we talked of Palestine refugees, who form more than two-thirds of Jordan's 1,400,000 population. She is deeply stirred by their plight and by the general poverty of these Middle Eastern lands.

After Cambridge she took a course in social studies at London University, and she'll be able to give a lead to the small band of emancipated Jordanian women who do a great deal for the refugees.

King Hussein is certainly fortunate in his choice. No Arab Queen in recent times has been so well fitted for the job.

TEENAGE CRIME WAVE IN U.S.

By KAY MURRAY

NEW YORK has just woken up to the fact that it is suffering from the worst wave of juvenile delinquency in its 800-year-old history.

I received a shock on hearing that a British exchange teacher was warned at her school, which is in a respectable suburb, that she shouldn't turn her back on her class in case she got a knife in her ribs.

The facts justify the warning. In the past three weeks, one boy has been killed and a policeman shot by a youthful gunman. Thirty-four boys aged under 16 were arrested for possessing firearms and for "unlawful assembly" for gang battles. (Any person over 16 here can buy 22-calibre ammunition without so much as a business permit). This number doesn't even take into account those arrested for stick-ups and burglaries.

STATE OF SIEGE

One juvenile court judge refused to turn loose 22 boys, the customary lax approach to the fact that there isn't enough space for their detention. Instead, he called Mayor Wagner and insisted on—and got—space

rather than discharge the young hoodlums. Only a week ago a children's court judge said flatly that this is an emergency situation calling for emergency measures. "This is a state of siege," he added.

The problem isn't confined to New York.

Towns in 21 states have a curfew on youths of under 18. One Southern town barred the youngsters between 12 and 18 from the last Fourth of July fireworks display—a children's festival if ever there was one—because, said the Chief of Police, "Last year a bunch of kids played some pranks and darn nearly blew up the whole crowd."

FINGER IN DYKE

In Los Angeles a 12-year-old boy slapped the baby he was minding and hit it with a rope end. The baby died.

In Connecticut, for similar reasons, one agency has entirely discontinued teenage baby sitting. In Illinois two teenagers were involved in an accident with their "hot rod" automobile which killed two sisters and sent eight other high school kids to hospital.

What is the cause of this great upsurge of juvenile crime, which shows an increase of 64.3 percent over 1951? The individual least to be blamed is probably the teenager. "We are aware," says the New York Prison Association's damning indictment, "of the faults of the schools and of character building agencies, lack of community interest, the inertia of the church, the distance of the home, the smelly streets of the slums and the boredom of Park Avenue."

The New York Youth Board, recently formed to deal with the situation, is clear-sighted but pessimistic.

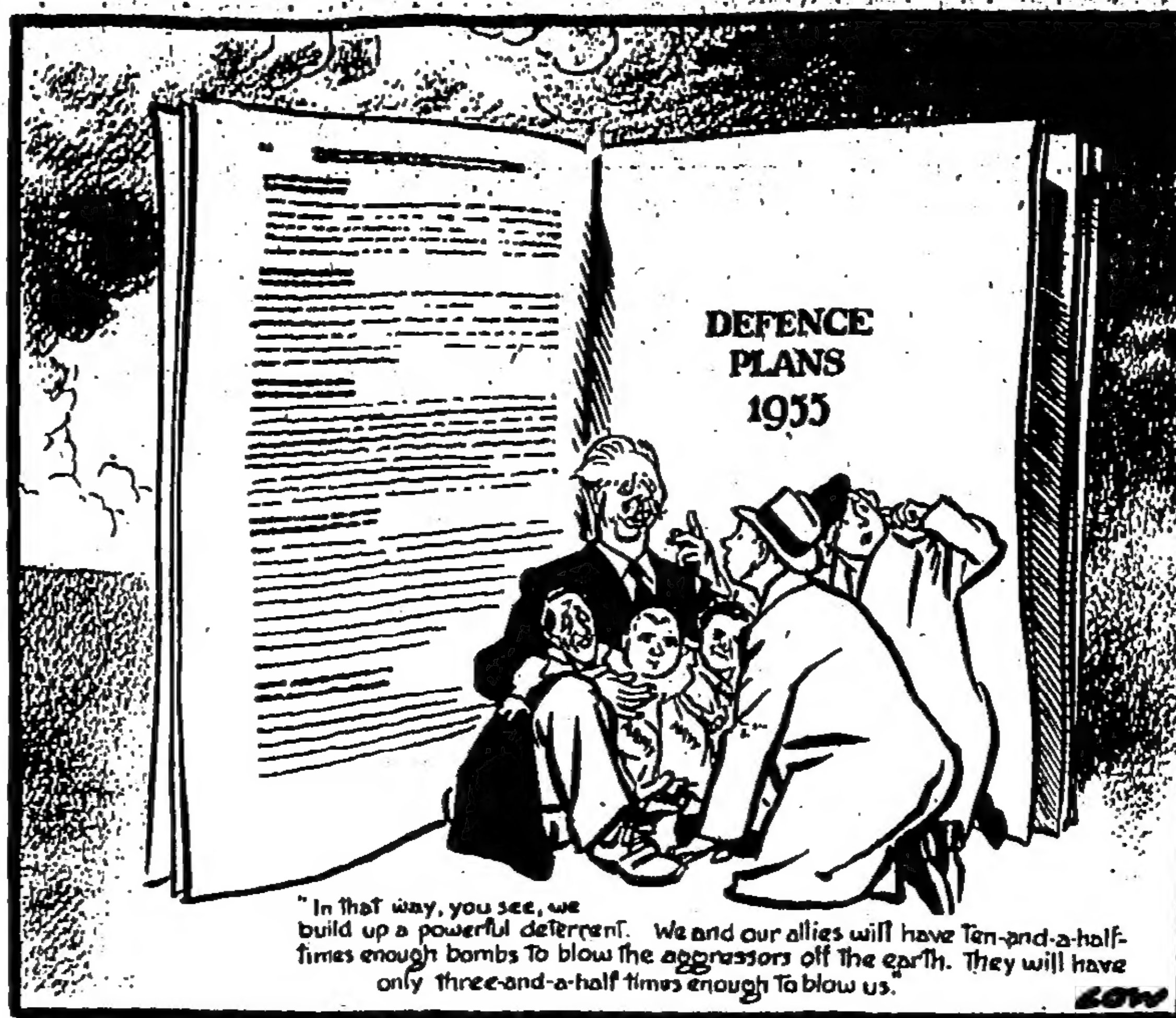
Executive Director Ralph Whelan admits frankly that the Board simply hasn't the financial resources to meet the problem. It merely "has its finger in the dyke."

"How can you expect high morals in teenagers," he asks, "when from 12 to 16, members of families sleep in just two rooms?"

LAX PARENTS

Apart from New York's slums, which are the worst in the world, more fortunately placed families are equally devoid of a community spirit, says Whelan. "Parents... should be responsible for their children, at least in knowing where they are at night." The Youth Board insists that this is a long-term problem. It isn't one person's headache. It is a community affair and all sections of it must take responsibility. But the heaviest responsibility lies in the home.

Teenagers convulsed in a nation-wide research pleaded unanimously: "Get tough with us." Until American parents stop treating their children as "babies" which they freely admit to over the country—and learn to say No—and mean it, America will have a juvenile delinquency problem which experts say in 10 years will top today's figures by 50 percent.



"In that way, you see, we build up a powerful deterrent. We and our allies will have ten-and-a-half times enough bombs to blow the aggressors off the earth. They will have only three-and-a-half times enough to blow us."

H-SHELTER

World Copyright by arrangement with the Manchester Guardian



Very, say some; but others diagnose a full, rich life to live yet...

by WALTER SCHWARZ

London. Shake their heads and apprehensively the five-guinea specialists apply their stethoscopes. The patient is Harley Street, Disease diagnosed: National Health Service. The symptoms are plain. Unsightly gaps break the trim regularity of the Street. They are bombed sites no one has thought it worth while to rebuild.

Smug, prosperous - fronted houses stand empty. They have been empty for years now. A malignant rash of business premises spreads through the lower regions. Here is the Association of Road Tar Distillers, where once white-coated consultants only were allowed. Over there is a trade union office - that of the actors. Everywhere are solicitors, architects, accountants.

The Beveridge Report predicted it in 1942. Under the Health Service "the possible

scope for private practice may be so restricted that it may not appear worth while to preserve it."

Sure enough, they are saying it today. "The Street as a medical centre has passed its zenith." (Dr Leonard Jacobs writing in the Practitioner).

"The younger consultants today prefer the safe salaries of the hospitals to the hazards of the Street." (Spokesman for the Fellowship for the Freedom of Medicine). And a local estate agent has the figures. "100 vacant consulting rooms are on our books. Before the Health

Service we always had a queue of 30 doctors waiting for rooms."

Is it time then to chalk up this patient on the danger-list? I wonder...

I knocked on one door, about half-way down the Street, on the west side. It has 13 brass name-plates. The elderly retainer who opened it, to let me in, is a connoisseur of the Street's affairs.

"Done the job for 27 years," he reported. "In the old days one doctor lived and practised here, ran a Dalmatian, and saw four or five wealthy patients a



GOOD MONEY

Up more stairs: a lean, bespectacled dermatologist. "Sit down," he grunts. "Don't quote me, but compared with other professions our standard of living has tumbled right down."

This dermatologist's fees - five guineas for the first consultation and three guineas a time after that - have not changed since the war. But expenses have nearly trebled.

"I take £2,000 a year in private fees. Taxation (it used to be £200) accounts for £650. Consulting room rent (used to be £225) is £450, and I pay my secretary £400. (Instead of £225)."

But the lean dermatologist does not blame the Health Service. It brings in good money. Like most specialists he works part-time in a hospital. "Just like in the old days, only now I get paid for it around £1,500 a year."

The eminent ear-nose-throat man is on the ground floor. Very distinguished people are among his patients. "Don't mention my name, old chap, but I earn around £10,000 a year. The Health Service is a blessing in disguise for good specialists."

"If the Service kills anyone it will be the G.P., not us. It has made Britain 'specialist-conscious'."

CONFIDENCE

Perhaps, after all, there is something in the old Street. Certainly Lord Howard de Walden, landlord of most of the Harley Street medical area, has confidence in the future. He will not allow the road-rat distillers to spread northwards of Queen Anne Street. "Doctors or nothing," is the estate's policy.

Now have the planners lost heart. Under the L.C.C.'s Development Plan, too, the northern portion of the area remains obstinately barred to non-medical premises. It is a striking fact, too, that Harley Street medical premises, which I can report still stand empty, and vacant, defies Mr. Dainton, though

Says Kolarz: "however skilful Soviet propaganda may be in disguising reality, more is known about Vorkuta than about many other parts of the Soviet Union".

RUSSIA'S PRISON CAMP HQ

By Walter Kolarz

"VORKUTA" is one of those Russian place names which have acquired a special meaning. If the very mention of Moscow recalls the despotic power of the Communist Party, if Stalingrad stands for the self-sacrificing heroism of the Russian people, Vorkuta has become synonymous with forced labour.

Vorkuta has never been shown to any of the numerous delegations which have visited the Soviet Union in recent years, and official Soviet sources have never given any detailed description of the place and its significance.

The latest edition of the Soviet Encyclopedia devotes 20 lines

to Vorkuta. From this we learn that it is a "significant cultural centre of the Komi republic", that it has four secondary schools, 17 libraries and 11 clubs, and that it is the largest coal-mining centre in Northern Europe. But, however skilful Soviet propaganda may be in disguising reality, more is known about Vorkuta and the Vorkuta area than about many other parts of the USSR. Vorkuta is the administrative centre for a large network of prison camps, whose inmates for outnumber all the prisoners there were at any particular moment in the whole of Tsarist Russia.

Knowledge about the extent of the 160-odd Vorkuta camps and the conditions in them has been steadily expanded during the past two years by the arrival in the West of former camp inmates. The latest testimony comes from an American citizen, John Noble, who was released after nine and a half years in Russian captivity. He made a statement about his experiences to a press conference in Berlin.

BIG STRIKE

Noble, who had been in Vorkuta until the middle of 1954, confirms a number of points made by other eyewitnesses, particularly the two Germans, Frau Brigitte Gerland and Dr. Scholmer.

Noble has told once more the remarkable story of the strike of the Vorkuta slave labourers in the summer of 1953. This has emerged as one of the most momentous events in Soviet Russia since the war. Over 100,000 prison camp inmates seem to have participated and several hundreds were either shot or "disappeared" after the liquidation of the strike by the camp administration.

There is a new element in Noble's account which might explain how such a huge strike could be organised at all under Soviet conditions. He suggests that some MVD officers took part in the demonstration, perhaps by Berlin's arrest.

Noble also mentioned rumours that Stalin's son, Vasily, is being held in the Lubanka Prison in Moscow. These rumours may be unfounded, but such an arrest would be the kind of thing one might expect to happen in the present Soviet situation.

Relatives of erstwhile prominent people have often been arrested in the Soviet Union and sent to camps in and near Vorkuta. The Polish engineer Antony Elkart, for instance, whose book "Vanished Without Trace" was published recently, met there Svetlana, Tula-tchevskaya, daughter of the famous Marshal Tukhachevsky, Galina Shaposhnikova, niece of Marshal Shaposhnikov, Chief of the Soviet General Staff during the war, and the daughter of Uborevich, once commander of the White Russian military district.

HARD LIFE

Life in the coal mines and lumber camps of Vorkuta is so hard that it might be expected to destroy any intelligent human thought, and lead to the utter demoralisation of the prisoners. But those who have returned often bring back a message of hope. They have shown that the combination of Communist police terror and the harshness of the Arctic climate have failed to reduce the prisoners to animal level.

Thoughts, ideals and hopes have remained alive. Brightly shining gold of courage and hope has produced hand-written copies of the New Testament; Dr. Scholmer, described secret religious services in some of the coal mines; and Noble, the latest arrival, says that faith in God helped him to survive.

POCKET CARTOON by OSBERT LANCASTER



—and don't forget what I said about the getting blasted before the Soviet's properly worked

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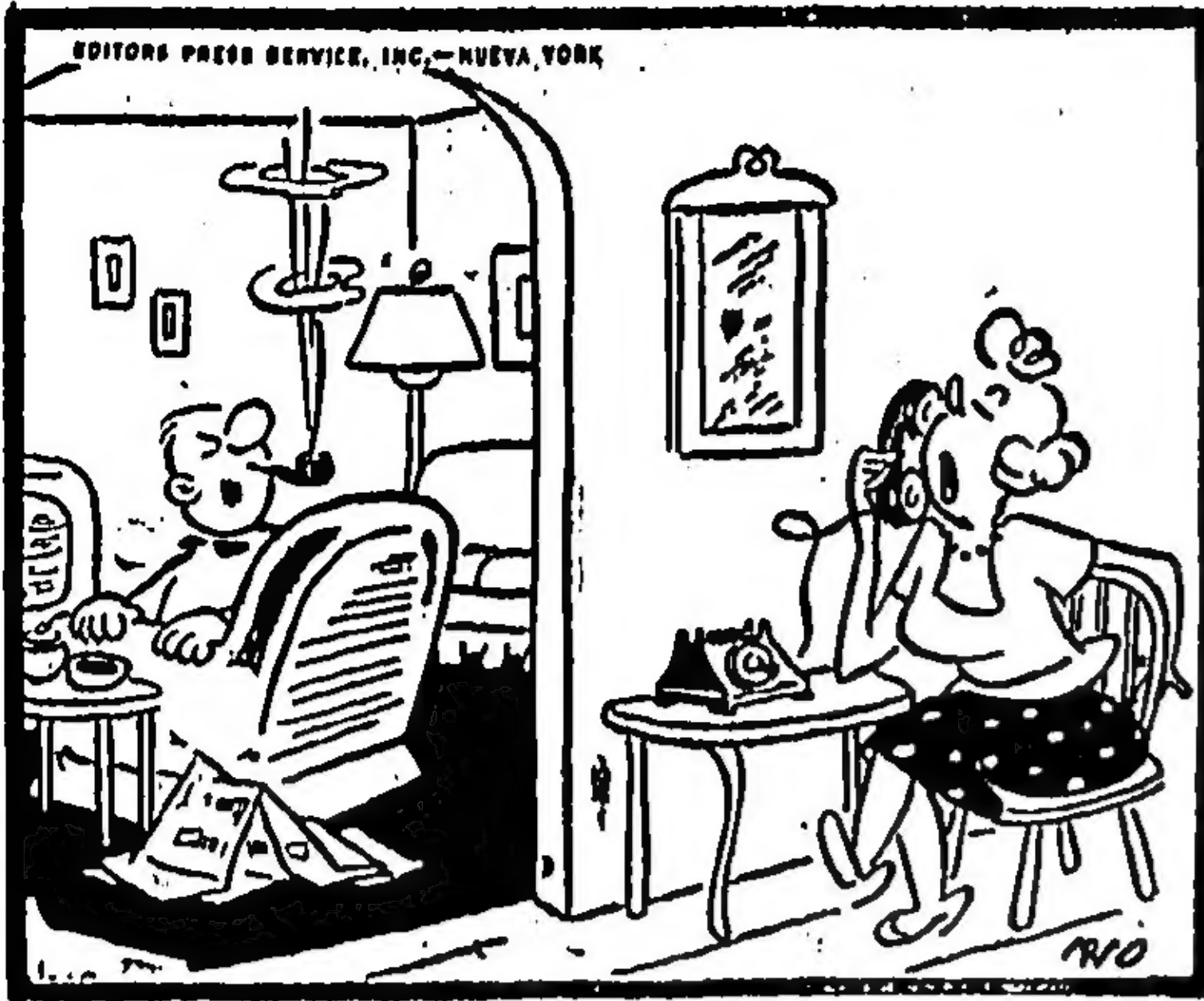
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"Oh, the usual lively evening. He got home at 6:45—said 'Hi'—took shower—ate—said 'Not bad'—read paper—said 'Humph'—turned on ball game."

• BY • THE • WAY • by Beachcomber

THE almost instantly being used to try to induce people to attend political meetings. It is complained that even Cabinet Ministers, when they address what is euphemistically called a "meeting," appear to be talking to themselves in the deserted market-place.

If even political television shows fail to win votes, why should not the political parties hire the dreary god-forsaken of television to address their meetings? Their names are far better known than the politicians, and to capture votes all they need to do is give their autographs.

Nothing doing (5)

THE overcrowding at the Excelsior Superb was unbelievable. There were always armed thugs watching the armed thugs who were watching the armed thugs employed by Black and Knight. But Humphrey Scarborough was the force that he was. Everyone was sure that he was Black and Knight. He had a powerful presence, and his apparent ignorance was taken for deliberate cleverness. Of course they listened in to his rooms, but as every other room had a concealed microphone, the noise was deafening and incomprehensible. When Humphrey went to a picture gallery, 200 out of the 350 people there were secret agents of one Power or another. The slapping of a thousand "stamps" in a corner passed almost un-

noticed, and when a dwarf with a moustache whispered to Humphrey "Black and Knight," our hero, somewhat puzzled, replied, "Oh, quite," believing the word to be anti-criticism.

A mot of Clemenceau

THE severely limited powers of a French President give point to Clemenceau's remark during a presidential election: "Let's have Sadi Carnot—he's the stupidest of them all."

Here, there, and everywhere

A MOTHER who took a tow-rope in her teeth and hauled a canal barge from Uxbridge to Cavendish was yesterday elected Canal Joy Trustee. The Queen.

CLAIMING that he could cut a higher rate of 43,000 miles, Raymond Oate, 18, of Twickenham Road, is laid up with mumps, caught during a visit to friends in France.

A MAN who killed 17 library books together, when questioned by the police, said that he always did it to stop himself from sleepwalking.

An EEL which climbed inside a woman's stocking in an ironmonger's shop in Cheltenham was killed by a sailor who knocked it with his pipe.

YOUR BIRTHDAY... By STELLA

TUESDAY, MARCH 15

BORN today, you have boundless energy. You are vigorous, vivacious, even boisterous and tempestuous at times. On the other hand, you have a keen instinct for analysis, and decisions that appear to be made on the spur of the moment turn out all right, because your intuitive sense comes into play at the proper instant and guides you correctly. Popular with your friends, but heartily disliked by those who do not agree with you, it is likely that you will go through life battling your enemies but always backed up by your friends.

You have a strong will and can be stubborn, once you get "set on something." You also strong likes and dislikes of firm meetings. Trust your instincts in this regard, for you are usually right. Your loyalties are unquestioned, and once a friend, always a friend—unless perhaps you catch that friend in a betrayal of a trust or a confidence. Then you can become an implacable enemy and those who know you

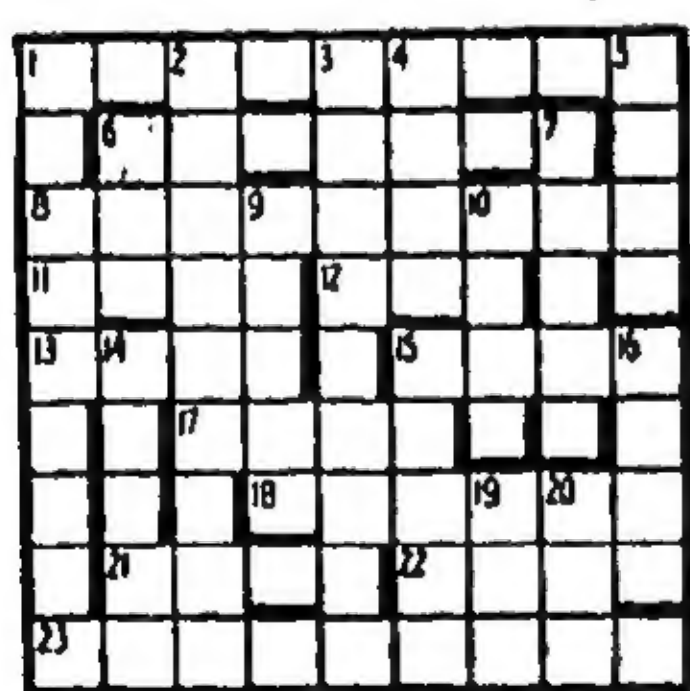
wrath have every reason to be fearful.

It is likely that there will be one great love in your life and for that you will always remain true. The stars were smiling when you were born, and success, fame and even fortune may be yours.

Among those born on this date are: Wallace Brown, author; Andrew Jackson, U.S. President; James H. Hackett, actor; Harold L. Ickes, Cabinet officer; Hulda Tashemofka, singer.

To find what the stars have in store for you tomorrow, select your birthday star and read the corresponding paragraph. Let your birthday star be your daily guide.

CROSSWORD



Across
1. Ox tapers in tapers. (9)
2. Portable shops for boys? (7)
3. Does this imply that cleanliness is dear? (4, 5)
11. To double in a way an Eastern European. (4)
12. The little fellow of my thumb. (4)
13. Four-fifths of the stick. (4)
17. It's added to Ward Ho! down in Devon. (4)
18. The former builds them up. (6)
21. Swerve. (4)
22. They go with grapes, but not in compliments. (4)
23. This projection makes a map readable. (9)
Down
1. Schoolboys often count the days until this. (5, 2, 4)
2. I have a device to control at you are one. (4, 5)
3. It's in a sound business. (9)
4. Many a Acorn found in this part of London. (4)
5. It's a gripping place on any sailing ship. (4)
6. Filled with any brace. (9)
7. ... Trained with any gander. (5)
8. Carries in the raccourse. (5)
9. Any film, nowadays? (9)
10. Truly girl from 1919? (4)
11. Traces is (4)
12. I have a device to control at you are one. (4, 5)
13. It's in a sound business. (9)
14. Many a Acorn found in this part of London. (4)
15. It's a gripping place on any sailing ship. (4)
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21. Traces is (4)
22. I have a device to control at you are one. (4, 5)
23. It's in a sound business. (9)

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 16

PIECES (Feb. 20-Mar. 20)—First impressions are often very important. If you have an interview, put your best foot forward.

ARIES (Mar. 21-Apr. 20)—There may be delays for you today, but patience and consideration for others will win out.

TAURUS (Apr. 21-May 21)—Things may not move as swiftly or smoothly as you might wish, but get will help.

GEMINI (May 22-June 21)—You can overcome obstacles if you just try going around them instead of jumping over them!

CANCER (June 22-July 23)—No objection to listening to a request, if you have time. But don't believe everything you hear!

LEO (July 24-Aug. 23)—This is a good day for letter writing, either personal or business. Contact friends you've not seen for a long time.

VIRGO (Aug. 24-Sept. 23)—Be sure to spend confidence given you. Hold it as a sacred trust. It can prove highly important.

LIBRA (Sept. 24-Oct. 23)—If you have a problem annoying you, why not discuss it over with someone who is sympathetic?

SCORPIO (Oct. 24-Nov. 23)—Use the time to hide your talents. Show by actions what you can do. No need, then, for talking.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 24-Dec. 23)—You may be judged by minor problems. Be generous toward others. A can pay off handsomely.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 24-Jan. 20)—You may be judged by minor problems. Be generous toward others. A can pay off handsomely.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21-Feb. 19)—You may be judged by minor problems. Be generous toward others. A can pay off handsomely.

• JACOBY ON BRIDGE

This Hand Isn't Easy To Figure Out

By OSWALD JACOBY

TODAY'S hand comes from my good friend Ewart Kempson, editor of an English magazine for bridge enthusiasts.

"How should South plan the best play to give himself the best chance of making three no-trump after West has led the six of clubs, East has played the ace and returned the two of clubs?"

This isn't the easiest hand in the world to play. You are sure of three spade tricks, two hearts, and only one club. Hence you need three diamonds to make your contract.

You can make three diamond tricks if the suit breaks 3-3 by just giving up one trick to the king. You must hope that East has the king, of course, for West will defeat you with his long clubs if he can gain the lead.

If the diamonds don't break favourably (and, as it happens, they don't), you must find a way to take two finessees through the king of diamonds. How do you get to dummy twice in order to take these finessees?

By the time that you have reached this stage in your

NORTH 27		WEST		EAST	
♠ A 3	♦ 7 8 9	♠ 7 6	♦ Q 10 7 2	♠ J 9 8 4 2	♦ J 8
♥ 10 5 4	♣ 7 5 4	♥ Q 10 7 2	♣ 8 2	♥ K 10 9 8	♣ A 2
♣ 7 5 4	♠ A 3	♣ 8 2	♠ J 9 8 4 2	♣ A 2	♠ J 8
SOUTH (D)		South-West		North-East	
♠ K Q 10	♦ A K 3	♠ 2 N-T	♦ Pass	♠ 3 N-T	♦ Pass
♥ A K 3	♣ A Q J 3	♥ Pass	♣ Pass	♥ Pass	♣ Pass
♣ K 10 6	♠ A 3	♣ Pass	♠ Pass	♣ Pass	♠ Pass
North-South vul.		Opening lead—♠ 6			

thinking you are ready for the rest of Kempson's comment:

"West is known to have five clubs as soon as East leads the two of clubs to the second trick. Before that lead, however, South should have made the key play of throwing the king of clubs under the ace.

"This enables South to get into dummy twice, once with a club and once with a spade, and take two finessees in diamonds, thus making nine tricks. To play a low club at the first trick results in defeat."

Very true and very neat. If this gives you a good opinion of English bridge, you're on the right track.

• CARD Sense •

Q—The bidding has been:

South West North East
1 Club Pass 1 Diamond Pass

You, South, hold: Spades A-Q-10, Hearts A-J-10, Diamonds Q-2, Clubs A-K-J-3-2. What do you do?

A—Bid three no-trump. You have 21 points in high cards, with a strong five-card suit, which is easily worth 1 point additional. You would have opened with two no-trump to begin with except that you had no stopper in diamonds.

TODAY'S QUESTION

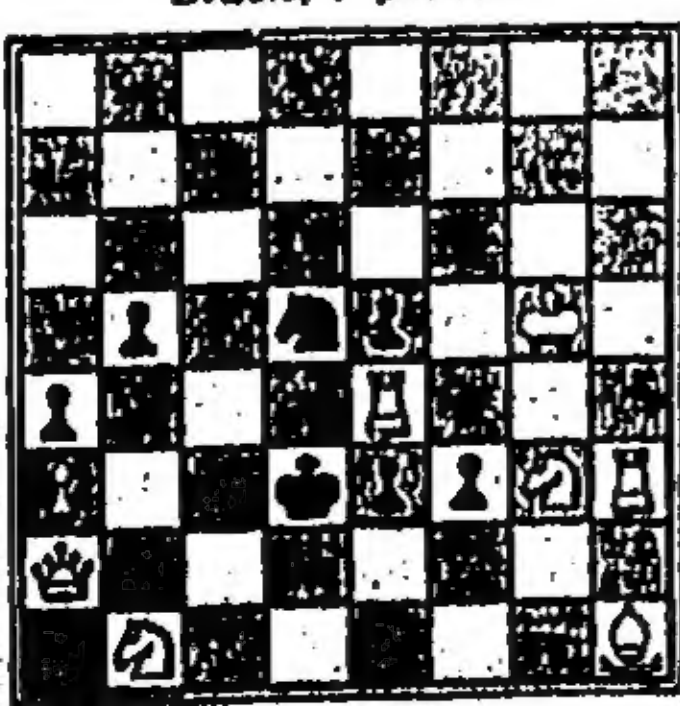
The bidding is the same as in the question just answered. You, South, hold: Spades A-Q-10, Hearts A-J-10, Diamonds Q-2, Clubs A-K-J-3-2. What do you do?

Answer Tomorrow

CHESS PROBLEM

By R. BURGER

Black, 7 pieces.



White, 8 pieces.

White to play; mate in two.

Solution to yesterday's problem:

1. B-K1, any; 2. B, or K mates.

WOMANSENSE

KEEP IN TRIM... By IDA JEAN KAIN

Toning Girdle Muscles for Health and Beauty

REGARDLESS of your weight, the most important muscles to keep toned are those that form the abdominal girdle. These middle muscles not only play the important role in figure control, but exert a vital influence on health.

Think of muscle tone as elasticity. Live tone in abdominal muscles supports the vital organs and holds them in their normal high position. Health is not in the muscle but in the support given the vital organs enabling them to function smoothly and efficiently.

Modern daily living fails to provide the exercise needed to keep these muscles sufficiently strong—the way nature intended them to be. It takes only a small amount of exercise to maintain muscle tone. Daily conditioners, backed up by good posture, can keep the muscular girdle in prime condition for a lifetime.

★

The first exercise helps to restore the vital organs to their rightful position.

Position: Lie on back, knees bent, soles of feet flat on floor, arms down at side.

Movement: Raise hips to straight line and fling arms back on floor. Pull in strongly with abdominal muscles and h-o-l-d. Release and return to starting position. Repeat 3 times, increasing the holding period. Caution: Do not raise hips higher than a straight line. Small amount of back should not be arched.

The next two exercises help to tone the girdle muscles and keep the abdomen flat and firm. The position in each of these abdominal strength exercises



should be held at least two seconds the first time the exercise is attempted. This holding time should be gradually increased to 10 seconds. Position: Lie on back with hands on top of upper leg. Movement: Raise head and shoulders off the ground to look at left leg which is raised about eight inches from the ground. Hold position. Relax and repeat the exercise, using the right leg. Do not attempt to sit up. The hands should slide toward the knees as the shoulders are lifted. Repeat exercise three to six times, alternating legs.

Position: Lie on back with hands on top of upper leg. Movement: Raise head and right shoulder off floor, keeping left shoulder as nearly in position as possible. Hold position. Relax and repeat exercise, raising head and left shoulder. The arms should remain relaxed and should slide toward the knees. Only one shoulder should be off the floor at one time. Repeat exercise three to six times, alternating sides.

Even if you skip all other forms of exercise, take a trio of conditioners daily to keep the girdle muscles toned. You will be well rewarded in health and beauty.

TIPS TO ENSURE CAREER SUCCESS

By ANNE HEYWOOD

THE other day, I asked a group of 20 young business women to fill out a questionnaire, indicating which of many factors they thought were standing in their way and keeping them from further advancement.

Among the things listed, which they were to check, were: 1. Lack of the necessary business skills. 2. Lack of education. 3. Lack of understanding on the employer's part. 4. Lack of basic interest in the field. 5. Lack of sufficient skill in handling human relations.

The overwhelming percentage of them—10 to be exact—indicated as one of their problems, lack of sufficient skill in handling human relations. And most employers, in answering the same questions about their workers, assure me that the biggest cause of failure on the part of their employees is the very same thing.

How, if this is so, can we improve our ability along this line? What can we do, if the people we work with are difficult, or downright hard to get along with?

There is no magic answer, but here are a few hints which have helped me.

1. When people say or do things which are mean or nasty, do not let yourself fuss and

time and concentrate on what she said or what she did. Try, instead, to concentrate on why she said it or why she did it. If you do this, you will find that, instead of getting angry, you may even find yourself sympathetic.

You may find that she did it because she is exhausted from working all day and nursing an ailing mother all night. Or she may have said that mean thing because she has had headaches, or because she's worried to death about her debts. Try, objectively, to understand why people do things, and you will learn far more about your fellow workers, and you will like and admire them more.

2. Try to train yourself to put all your energy into your own performance and none into that of your co-workers. If Betty lies down on the job, and gets away with murder, that's Betty's business. Your own row is plenty to hoe, and if you honestly hoe it, you won't have either time or energy left over for criticizing anyone else.

3. Finally, try to keep your sense of humor, which, of course is actually a sense of proportion. School will keep, and a year from now the things that turn you up will be forgotten. You are a tiny part of a large universe, and what Susie said to Janie about you is really not going to cause the end of the world!

THE PERFECT EYEBROW FOLLOWS ITS NATURAL SHAPE

By HELEN FOLLETT

THE perfect eyebrow is one that follows the natural line of the open eye. In length and width, it should be proportioned to the size and contour of the face and features.

Thinning eyebrows is one beauty task that's frequently overdone. To tweeze brows down to the dimensions of a wispy of darning cotton is to make the worst possible mistake, especially if the face is large and features are heavy.

A Hollywood make-up artist says that if a girl has a large nose, eyebrows should be fairly far apart, the inner ends terminating above the inner corner of the eye. If the nose is long, the brows can be closer together. And no home beauty worker should forget that the higher the eyebrow, the smaller the eyes appear to be.

Now that eyebrows are getting back to normal dimensions, the girl who has plucked hers down to a mere shadow may desire a heavier line. Creaming will encourage growth.

An eyebrow crayon used discreetly is a help, too. Use it lightly with a feathery stroke. There's nothing quite so unattractive as obviously pencilled lines. They make a woman look tough.

BOYS' AND GIRLS' MAGAZINE

Collecting Old Junk

—A Toad Goes into Business for Himself—

By MAX TRELL

"JUNK! Old junk! I buy and I sell old junk!" Knarf, the show-boy with the turned-about name, had just sat himself down on the curbstone in front of his house when he heard someone shouting these words. He thought he could recognize the voice but he wasn't sure. Along with the voice, he heard the jangling of bells and the creaking of heavy wagon wheels.

A Very Small Wagon

Looking down the street, Knarf expected to see a big wagon loaded with junk, with bells all over the wagon and the horse's harness. But he saw nothing of the sort.

TARGET

How many words of four letters or more can you make from the letters in the square on the left in making each word use the letters in the square only once. Each word must contain the letter in the center square and there must be at least one more letter on the left. No plural, no proper names, no foreign words.

YESTERDAY'S SOLUTION: Boys both boys' boxer both EXHIBITOR, effort hero, orbit, actor, role, role three three, two two two.

Rupert and the Broken Plate—21



Scarcely able to believe the thing that had happened Rupert picks up one of the pieces of his latest plate. "Oh, this is too awful!" he says. "I'm sure I'd shown it to Mummy and she'd be happy. I could never have the luck to find another like it. And, even if I did, I've nothing to do with it."



The "horse" pulling Willy's wagon is a mouse.

Willy said he'd give Knarf a bag full of sparrow-chirps for it.

"Sparrow-chirps?" said Knarf. Willy nodded. "You can let them out one at a time, by loosening the top of the bag. They're cheerful to listen to especially in the winter-time."

Fair Exchange

"All right," said Knarf, taking the bag of sparrow-chirps. "What are you going to do with that little wag of cotton?"

"I'll sell it to a robin," said Willy. "To put in his nest. I hope you enjoy the chirps," he said as he clucked back into his wagon. "Glad to, old boy!"

Down the street went the little junk wagon, jangling with bells.

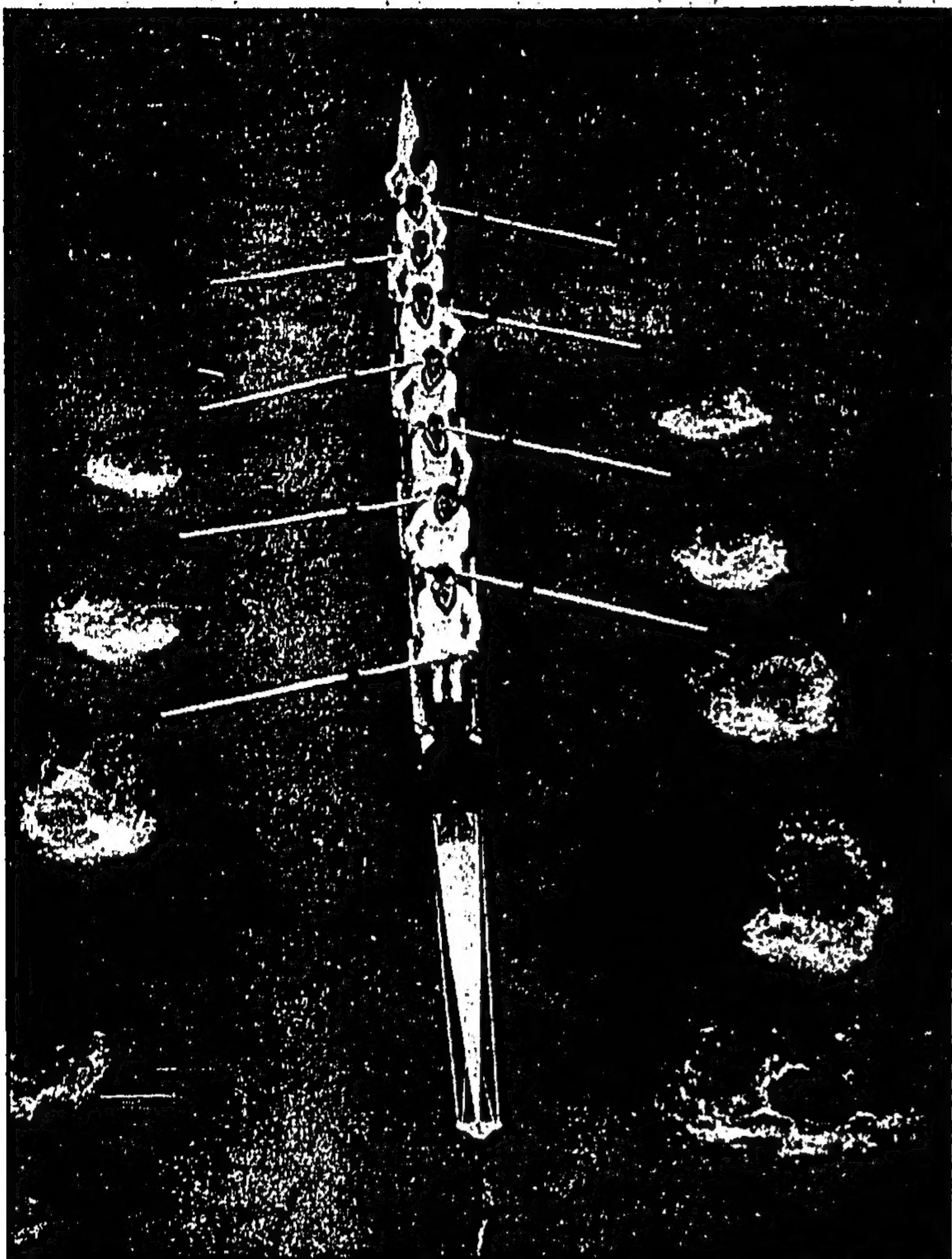
TAILORED BEACH TOGS



By GRACE THORNCLEIFFE

Typical of the choice of smart women is the bathing suit with matching robe, elegant, striking, yet simple. The fabric is rose striped white cotton and the separate suit is of brighter rose colour lined in green. The suit is a simple one-piece model, draped, belted at the waist. The suit can be used to make the separate coat, if desired.

Oxford In Training For Big Race



Members of the Oxford Boat Race Crew seen on the Thames at Putney last week (training for the Oxford and Cambridge Boat Race on March 26). The crew is: J. A. Gobbo (bow), G. S. Sorrell (No. 2), J. M. Wilson (No. 3), D. P. Wells (No. 4), R. D. T. Halkes (No. 5), J. G. McLeod (No. 6), E. O. G. Pain (No. 7), E. V. Vine (stroke) and I. A. Watson (cox).

British And Soviet Boxers To Meet

London, Mar. 14. The Soviet Union will meet Britain in an amateur boxing international here on October 19. It was announced today.

It will be the first time that Russian boxers have fought in Britain. Their boxing standard is known to be extremely high especially in the heavier weights.—Reuter.

OLSON WINS

Hollywood, Mar. 13. Middleweight champion Carl (Bobo) Olson pounced Willie Vaughn of Los Angeles, a contender for the middle-weight title, all over the ring last night and gained a unanimous 10-round decision in a new-title bout.

Olson won nine of the ten rounds. He dealt out terrific body punishment through the first seven rounds, then turned to an attack on the Negro boy's head. Vaughn's left eye was in bad shape in the eighth.

Vaughn's handlers did some excellent patch work to enable him to go the full distance.—Associated Press.

Hongkong Footballer Of The Year

Members of the public are invited to nominate whom they consider to be Hongkong's Footballer of the Year for the current season.

It is a popularity poll organised by the China Mail, and nomination coupons will be received until the closing date to be announced later.

The two qualifications for nomination are:

- (1) Footballing prowess.
- (2) Sportsmanship on the field of play.

Nominations should be addressed to The Editor, China Mail, Wyndham Street, Hongkong.

To The Editor, China Mail.

My nomination for Hongkong's Footballer of the Year, taking into regard his playing ability and his sportsmanship on the field of play is

of the Club.

(Signed)

George Whiting's Column

LIGHTS BRIGHTEN WEMBLEY TRIAL

London. When the watts go up at Wembley—and it will not be long now—get ready for floodlight football of a kind that will make our present share of illumination on soccer grounds in this city look like a dim-out.

Before the end of this month, two complete sets of modern floodlight equipment will have been erected round the three-quarter mile perimeter of Wembley Stadium—an experiment in electricity that will set back the powers-that-be a tidy little sum of £24,000.

Two sets? Yes. Two firms of contractors thought it worth while to take a chance and let loose their engineers on the job—one building light-towers on top of the stadium stands, the other installing series of arcs under the eaves of the said stands.

And if that does not appear to be much of a gamble let me mention that one of these costly monuments of electrical engineering will probably be dismantled after only one brief

illumination. The other will stay—as public testimony to the light-system that shed the more revealing rays on a "secret" test game.

Sir Arthur Elvin, the wise man of Wembley, displayed an almost implausible delight as he told me about the light-war. His forecast is that when the contractors are ready, a specially appointed committee will sit in judgment on the rival systems at a floodlit game between two crack sides.

The game will be played mid-week, and non-official watchers will not be encouraged. The turn of the cash-paying public will come during early evenings of the 1955-56 season.

It is assuredly more than a coincidence that Wembley complete their floodlight set-up at almost the precise moment that the football legislators of Europe go to Vienna and begin talking about championship matches between national teams from all parts of the Continent.

And that is not the only soccer development down Wembley way. How would it be if a representative team of Russians performed for us there next October?

IDEAS

Last year, Hungary doubled up with table tennis at the Empire Pool and football at the Stadium; Germany did similarly this season with soccer and boxing. In the light of such financially successful precedents, who can blame Sir Arthur Elvin for getting similar ideas about the Russians?

Especially as the Muscovites have already given a near-yes to boxing at the Pool on a date between October 10 and 20.

With the proviso that politics could rear both its ugly heads, I think the hammer-and-sickle boys will be here next October—and that Wembley will be packed to the gates for Russian footballers in the afternoon and Russian boxers at night.

(London Express Service)

World Ice Hockey Champions Beaten

London, Mar. 14. Canada's world ice hockey champions, Penitents, V's, were beaten by Haringey Racers 5-3 at Haringey Arena, here tonight.

Period scores were 1-2, 2-0, 2-1.—United Press.

Three New Books About Sport

Referee Arthur Ellis Looks Forward To A World Football League

London, Mar. 15.

It is a curious paradox that simultaneously with the almost permanent state of tension which has existed between certain groups of nations since the war there have at the same time been more international sport-contests than ever before.

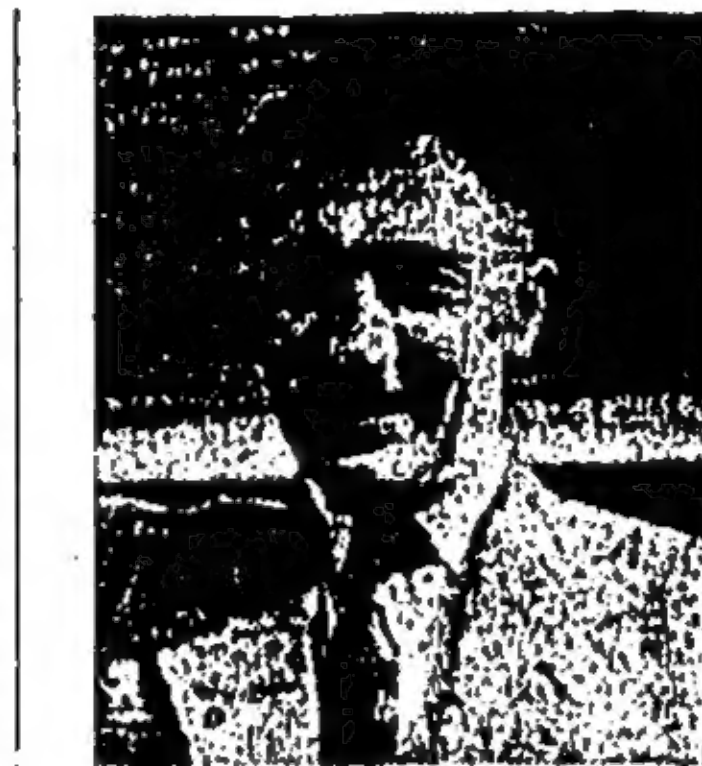
Cricket tours are still confined almost entirely to the British Commonwealth countries but exchange visits of national and club football teams are now almost of weekly occurrence all round the year.

Nobody has played a more important role in the growth of international football in recent years than has Arthur E. Ellis, Britain's most famous Association football referee, who tells the story of his world-wide tours in "Refereeing Round the World" (published by Hutchinson, London—10/6).

Mr. Ellis refereed the first post-war football match in Paris between France and Italy at a time when the Italian "stab in the back" was still very fresh in the minds of the French; he has also refereed in Rio de Janeiro, Stuttgart, Paris, Amsterdam and Madrid, so he should, from his privileged and impartial position on the field, be able to judge the temper of an international football match.

HIS VERDICT

And this is his verdict: "Some people jump to the conclusion that our (British) clubs should not go on these tours after finishing a hard



Referee Arthur Ellis

season at home. I disagree. These tours cement the bonds of international friendship and they do the game a great deal of good.

"I look forward to the day when a European Football

League is a reality, when the nations of Europe meet each other regularly each season in a league or cup tournament to decide the season's international championship.

"Before long, with air travel now a permanent feature of international football we might even get a world league.

"THE MORE... THE LESS" "Let no one decry international sport. The more we meet on the field of sport, the less chance there will be of our meeting on the field of battle."

Mr Ellis in his book does not, however, give undue prominence to the place which sport can play in international politics; he is more interested in the game. And he tells about it in such an intriguing manner that his book should attract many readers who are more interested in life in general than in football in particular.

A Backward Glance By 'Little Mo'

An even more personal view of the value of international sport is taken by that great American tennis player, Maureen Connolly ("Little Mo"), in "Championship Tennis" (published by Frederick Muller, London 7/6).

Holder of the women's tennis crowns of England, America, Australia, and France at the age of 18, Miss Connolly has this to say of her world travels

tion, two leading British girls who were still in the singles set by the side of the court knitting pullovers and gossiping—not watching and learning."

"It is noticeable that nearly all the American girls leave Wimbledon when their day's programme is over to practise at another club. Most of our Eng-

lish girls remain, idling the time away."

Mr Connolly's book is essentially one for tennis enthusiasts only. It is the story of contemporary personalities of the tennis world, their secrets, their charms—and not a few of their peccadilloes.—China Mail Special.

FA CUP SEMI-FINAL DRAW

London, Mar. 14. York City, the Third Division soccer club with a giant-killing reputation, was drawn against the winner of the Huddersfield Town-Newcastle replay in today's draw for the March 26 F.A. Cup semi-final.

York have knocked out two First Division sides—Tottenham and Blackpool—in their march to the semi-final. Only two other Third Division sides, Millwall and Port Vale, have reached the last four in the 84-year-old competition. No Third Division side has made the final.

The other semi-final will be between Manchester City and Sunderland—two First Division teams. The final will be at Wembley Stadium on May 7.—Associated Press.

SATURDAY'S FIXTURES

Following are the Home soccer fixtures for Saturday, March 19:

Division I
Aston Villa v West Brom.
Blackpool v Leicester
Bolton v Cardiff
Charlton v Chelsea
Huddersfield v Manchester C.
Hull City v Everton
Norwich v Burnley
Sheff Wed v Sunderland
Sheff U. v Arsenal
Spurs v Sheffield U.
Wolves v Newcastle

Division II
Blackburn v Stoke
Bristol R. v Bury
Derby v Birmingham
Doncaster v Rotherham
Fulham v Lincoln
Gillingham v Notts
Hartlepool v Plymouth
Leeds v Port Vale
Leyton v Luton
West Ham v Middlesbrough

Division III (South)
Aldershot v Gillingham
Bournemouth v Brentford
Colchester v Walsall
Exeter v Millwall
Hendon v Bristol C.
Newport v Torquay
Northampton v Southampton
Preston v Reading
Queens P.R. v Brighton
Swindon v Leyton O.
Watford v Coventry

Division III (North)
Bradford v Mansfield
Carlisle v Southport
Chester v Bury
Chesham v Halifax
Crewe v York
Gateshead v Bradford C.
Grimsby v Rotherham
Hull City v Barnsley
Leeds v Accrington
Macclesfield v Burnley
Sheff Wed v Walsby

Scottish League "A"
Dundee v Motherwell
Glasgow v Celtic
Hibernian v East Fife
Inverness v Clyde
Kilmarnock v Dundee
Queen's Park v Hearts
Rangers v Hibernian

Scottish League "B"
Albion R. v Queen's Park
Aberdeen v Dundee
Aberdeen City v Dundee
Brechin City v Dundee
Dundee v Dundee
Dundee v Dundee
Dundee v Dundee

No Play In Test

Dunedin, Mar. 15.

No play was possible before lunch today in the cricket Test between New Zealand and England.

It was later decided there would be no play today.

Yesterday's play was abandoned owing to rain leaving the state of the match as at the close after two days: New Zealand 125; England 209 for eight.—Reuter.

Kiwis To Meet Army In Boxing Match

Action again in the Missions to Seamen boxing ring as H.M.N.Z.S. Kanieri and the 27 H.A.A. Regiment clash in a "Red Duster" trophy boxing match on Friday at 8 p.m.

The programme will consist of 10 bouts, but only seven will count towards the trophy.

On display, will be three belts donated by the Sports Club. These belts are very similar to the famous London Belt, the only difference being that they are in silver instead of gold. These belts will, together with seven others, be awarded to champions in the Colony championships.

Teams for Friday night's match will be chosen from the following:

KANIERE

AB Sada, AB Allen, OS Taylor, SM Greer, Std. Rands, AB Mackie, CK Major.

27 H.A.A. REGT

Gnr. McIver, Gnr. Hall, Gnr. Birch, L/Bdr. Hoban, Gnr. Cress, 2/Lt. Hyatt, Gnr. Ridley, Gnr. Russell, Gnr. Maylon, Gnr. Tyrell, Ctn. Addison.

Navy fighters for Special Constabulary: AB Davidson (HM3 Crane), AB Edwards (Tamar), L/S Finch (Tamar).

Admission is free, but those wanting seats are advised to contact the Rev. Hagg-Brown, Missions to Seamen.

The show is being promoted by CPO Jimmy Barrett of Tamar.

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Stamp Album	3.00
Ten Points About Pearls	1.50

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Zatopek Plans To Better Two Records

Prague, Mar. 14. Emil Zatopek, Czechoslovakia's triple Olympic champion, said today he planned to better two of his own world long distance running records in the coming season.

He said he expected to beat his 26 minutes 54.2 seconds for the 10,000 metres and his one hour 35 minutes, 23.8 seconds for the 30,000 metres.

Zatopek, 32, a year-old Lieutenant-Colonel in the Czechoslovak Army, said he doubted if he could better the five thousand metres world record of 13 minutes 51.2 seconds set up last year by a Russian athlete.

He said: "I would like to run in the 10,000 metres and marathon events at the Olympic Games at Melbourne, Australia next year. But I don't think I will compete in the 5,000 metres. It would only get in the way."

Pan American Games

Shelton Wins Gold Medal

Mexico City, Mar. 13.

Yankay Ernie Shelton won the United States' first gold medal of the 1955 Pan American Games today when he and Yank team-mate Herman Wynn established a new high jump record.

Shelton, bond University of Southern California student, rolled over the bar at 6 feet 7 1/4 inches (2.01 metres) to better the 1951 mark of 6 feet 4 1/4 inches (1.95 metres), established by Virgil Dean of the United States.

Wynn cleared the same height as Shelton but was awarded second place because the Californian needed less time.—United Press.

Test Cricketer

Married

Bombay, Mar. 14. Vijay Amrekar, 33-year-old Indian cricketer, who played all four Tests for India in England in 1952, was married last night.

His bride was Neelima Sharma.—China Mail Special.

Two South American countries, Brazil and Uruguay, already use Herons on airline services. The plane which visited Colombia is a demonstration machine flown by the maker's representative in South America.

TRADE and COMMERCE SECTION

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET

\$3 Billion Nosodivo

New York, Mar. 14.

Stocks cracked wide open again today, plummeting another \$3,000,000,000 in one of the worst market breaks since 1929, saved only by a late, meagre recovery.

Individual stock prices were down 20 to 40 points. The Dow Jones Industrial Average fell 100 points, to 1,000, after a recovery of 10 points in the afternoon.

The volume of trading was estimated at 100 million shares, the highest since September 3, 1949, and the largest loss of 100 points since 1929.

The market was closed at 1,000, down 100 points from the previous day's close of 1,100.

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AMERICAN ECONOMY

Mixed Reaction To Reasons For Stock Market Setback

By JOHN MORKA

New York, Mar. 14.

The stock market—under pressure all last week—appeared to have recovered its equilibrium on Thursday after the three-day pounding which saw about \$5,000,000,000 in valuations slashed from the whole list.

Leading issues improved about 2 points during the day, in sharp contrast to the drop ranging from 1 to 7, as aircrafts and other defence issues bore the brunt of the price rollback.

World Cotton Markets

New York, Mar. 14.

Cotton futures today resumed the retreat which began last week, undergirded by losses in the oil market.

March cotton futures were down 10 to 15 cents, while the May contract fell 5 to 10 cents.

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Sale Of Ford Stock Rumour

New York, Mar. 14.

Officials of the Ford Foundation declined today either to confirm or deny a report that Ford Motor Company stock will be put on sale for the first time this year.

The Foundation, which owns the stock reported to be involved, issued a statement saying:

"Last October the President of the Ford Foundation, Mr. H. Rowan Galtier Jr., stated that the diversification of the Foundation's investment portfolio was the subject of continuing study by the Trustees."

"There is nothing further to report at this time and the Foundation has no comment to make on the article appearing in the March 18 issue of US News and World Report."

The Magazine did not obtain from the Foundation any information that has not previously been made public. — United Press.

HONGKONG STOCK EXCHANGE

(From Our Correspondent)

Business done on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange this morning amounted to \$256,000. Noon quotations and the morning's transactions:

SHARES BUYERS SELLERS SALES
HSK Bank 250 1600 23 @ 1500
East Asia 200

INSURANCES
Lombard 500 8 @ 800
Provident 200

SHIPPING
Asia New 1000 @ 73
Docks, etc. 64
Wharf 20.30
Doct 20.30
(Old) 15.15 15.80 1000 @ 15.15
Wheelock 1 7.10

LAND, ETC.
HK Hotel KD 18
HK Land KD 02 0.15
Hagphrey KD 21.15

UTILITIES
Trans KD 18.00 3100 @ 18.00
C. Light KD 16.70 100 @ 16.70
C. Light (N) 13.15 15.00 200 @ 13.15
Electric 24.10 100 @ 24.10
Tel. KD 29.70 100 @ 29.70

INDUSTRIALS
Boon 17.70
S. S. ETC.
Dairy 21.00 21.80 500 @ 21.70
S. S. (N) 20.10 20.30 100 @ 20.30
Weston 15.30 15.50 100 @ 15.40
L. Crawford 22.20

COTTONS
Textiles 500 @ 0.10
Nanyang 8.70 0.90 2500 @ 0.70
Mitsubishi 0.80 0.10 200 @ 0
Yangtze 4.15

Alfred 4.15

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World Rubber Markets

Singapore, Mar. 14.

The rubber market opened steady but later turned irregular and nervous. Future closings:

No. 1 rubber per lb. 12.25-12.25
March 12.25-12.25
April 12.25-12.25
May 12.25-12.25
No. 2 rubber per lb. 12.25-12.25
March 12.25-12.25
April 12.25-12.25
May 12.25-12.25
No. 3 rubber per lb. 12.25-12.25
March 12.25-12.25
April 12.25-12.25
May 12.25-12.25
No. 4 rubber per lb. 12.25-12.25
March 12.25-12.25
April 12.25-12.25
May 12.25-12.25
No. 5 rubber per lb. 12.25-12.25
March 12.25-12.25
April 12.25-12.25
May 12.25-12.25
No. 6 rubber per lb. 12.25-12.25
March 12.25-12.25
April 12.25-12.25
May 12.25-12.25
No. 7 rubber per lb. 12.25-12.25
March 12.25-12.25
April 12.25-12.25
May 12.25-12.25
No. 8 rubber per lb. 12.25-12.25
March 12.25-12.25
April 12.25-12.25
May 12.25-12.25
No. 9 rubber per lb. 12.25-12.25
March 12.25-12.25
April 12.25-12.25
May 12.25-12.25
No. 10 rubber per lb. 12.25-12.25
March 12.25-12.25
April 12.25-12.25
May 12.25-12.25
No. 11 rubber per lb. 12.25-12.25
March 12.25-12.25
April 12.25-12.25
May 12.25-12.25
No. 12 rubber per lb. 12.25-12.25
March 12.25-12.25
April 12.25-12.25
May 12.25-12.25
No. 13 rubber per lb. 12.25-12.25
March

WHITEHEAD & CO., LTD.
WOODWORKING MACHINERY.
ENGINEERING EQUIPMENT CO., LTD.
R.M. & Shanghai Bank Bldg. Tel. 37789

CHINA MAIL

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CLICKER
BALLPOINT PEN
Now Available
With Extra Fine
and Medium
Points.
**STARTS
INSTANTLY
AND NEVER
SKIPS**

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TUESDAY, MARCH 15, 1955.

ECAFE Conference Opens In Tokyo

Tokyo, Mar. 15.
The Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East (ECAFE) conference opened here today with addresses by Japan's Foreign Minister, Mr. Mamoru Shigemitsu, and the Commission's Executive Secretary, Dr. P. S. Lokanathan.

About 250 delegates and observers from 24 member nations and several interested nations are attending the meeting, the largest of its kind to be held in Japan since the war.

Mr. Shigemitsu said a large number of persons present at the conference "itself demonstrates beyond a doubt the increased universal interest in the economic problems of Asia since the war."

CAPITAL AID PLEA
Mr. Shigemitsu urged more advanced countries outside the ECAFE region to "come to our aid armed with a large-scale and vigorous programme of economic assistance, particularly in the field of much needed capital."

He also called on countries outside the area to "take a more resolute and co-operative attitude than heretofore in buying special products of ECAFE countries."

He said "Nearly all of these countries depend heavily on their special products as the mainstay of their exports and the greater part of their national revenue is derived from taxes on these exports."

He said fluctuations in business conditions in buying countries therefore "constitute a serious menace to their economy as a whole."

Mr. Shigemitsu said "to remedy such an unstable situation, it is imperative that some measures of aggressive international co-operation be taken."

JAPAN'S CONTRIBUTION
Mr. Shigemitsu said although Japan could not contribute very much aid in the form of capital, she can contribute to the fullest extent by providing (Asian countries) with capital goods and technical assistance."

Dr. Lokanathan, in his speech, outlined the activities of the Commission's many subcommittees during the past year.

He said there was growing awareness on the part of Asian governments of the value of ECAFE as an instrument of economic and industrial co-operation.

The Commission's committee on industry and trade will meet from today until March 24, and the full Commission meeting will open from March 28 until April 7.—Reuter.

A BRITISH VIEWPOINT

Princeton, N.J., Mar. 14.
Speaking on Anglo-American relations, Communism and the average British view on European unity, the Hon. Richard Frederick Wood, Conservative Member of Parliament, tonight said peaceful co-existence with the Red Chinese government "might very well be a practical policy."

Mr. Wood told an audience at Princeton University that the prospects for peace would be "infinitely greater" if there were a withdrawal from Quemoy and Matsui.

"The legality of Quemoy and Matsui is extremely doubtful," he said, adding, "We recognise the Red regime and you don't because, unlike you, we haven't taken account of the reality of the Red Chinese government."

"We've merely taken account that it exists,"—United Press.

MERCY KILLER ACQUITTED

Nice, France, Mar. 14.
An Italian, Benedetto Cepoloni, today was acquitted by the Alpes-Maritimes Court of Assizes for the mercy killing of his 60-year-old wife.

The 70-year-old Italian told the court yesterday he had seen his wife suffer for seven long years from an incurable illness and, being able to stand it no longer, shot her with a 32 calibre rifle.—United Press.

Cement Co's Action To Reduce Danger To Aircraft

CHAIRMAN'S DISCLOSURES AT ANNUAL MEETING

When bad weather causes flying conditions to deteriorate to the point of danger, the Green Island Cement Company closes down one or both of its kilns for as long as needed, revealed Mr. D. Benson, Chairman of the Company, at the annual general meeting held this morning.

He added that it was hoped the action which has been taken and will continue to be taken will be satisfactory to the Director of Civil Aviation and his staff with whom the Green Island Cement Company maintain a close liaison.

The Chairman's statement, presented in printed form to shareholders read:

As a result of the continuing high level of construction activity, cement consumption in the Colony in 1954 far exceeded all previous records. Your Company has had its full share of this increase. Apart from higher deliveries to our usual Hongkong customers, rather more cement went to the Tinian Lam Chung Dam, especially towards the end of the period, our supplies against that contract amounting to about 5% of our total sales. At the same time demand for our products from our principal markets in Southeast Asia greatly improved, so that our sales in the export field were double those in the previous year.

On the supply side we fortunately had no difficulty in meeting this improved demand. You will remember that to safeguard ourselves against any temporary interruption in our output which might have been caused by the installation of our precipitators we built up and carried forward unusually large stocks of cement last year. As it happened, there was no interference in production was during the actual erection of the equipment which reflects great credit upon the Works Management, and Staff of all grades. We were thus working at full production for the greater part of the year and were able to supplement the reduced output during the installation of the precipitators by drawing upon our accumulated stocks.

YEAR'S PROFIT
Our operations for the year have resulted in a net profit after all Charges, Depreciation and Tax, of \$3,335,177, which, I think you will agree, is very satisfactory, although I would point out that it represents no more than a reasonable return upon the real value of the undertaking, which is not less than \$30 million.

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SIDE GLANCES By Galbraith



"I like to come over and play with your cats, grandma! Is it true what Dad tells Mom that you're going to leave all your money to a home for them?"

Judge Holds Man Is Unfit For Caning

Mr Justice C. W. Reece in the Appeal Court this morning rescinded the caning imposed on a 55-year-old man who pleaded that he was too weak to undergo this punishment.

The Judge agreed that the man did not look fit. The appellant, Ip Wah, was sentenced to 12 months and 6 strokes by Mr Crendon at Kowloon last month for snatching a wrist watch and a finger ring from a woman in Shipyard Street.

Ip appealed for a lighter sentence this morning saying he was weak and had to see the prison doctor daily.

Mr Justice Reece varied the sentence regarding the caning but ordered the prison term to stand.

Three other appeals were refused by the Judge.

In the case of a woman, Kwan Sul-ying, sentenced to six months by Mr Crendon for pick-pocketing at a bus stop in Tai Po Road on January 21, Mr Justice Reece held that he could not entertain the appeal against conviction because it was lodged out of time.

Kwan's Counsel, Mr V. L. D'Alton (instructed by Mr M. K. Lam) put forward the ground that there was insufficient evidence to found the conviction.

He explained that the notes were not available until some considerable time after notice of appeal was lodged.

Mr Justice Reece told the appellant that the Court had no jurisdiction to entertain her appeal unless it was lodged within the statutory time of ten days.

Two other appellants, Yung Ming and Chan Ming, were both refused a lighter sentence.

Yung was sentenced to 15 months and nine strokes by Mr Crendon on February 7 for breaking into the chapel of the Sung Chan School in Wong Chuk Street. He had previous convictions for larceny, armed robbery and breach of deportation orders.

Yung told the Appeal Judge that he did not commit the offence. He thought he was being arrested because of his previous convictions, he added.

Chan was sentenced to 18 months by Mr Crendon on February 7 for breaking into the chapel of the Sung Chan School in Wong Chuk Street. He was previously convicted for a similar offence and had been deported.

Chan declared that he had no intention of stealing anything and alleged that the Police forced him to admit guilt by beating him.

GOVT SECRECY COMPLAINT

Washington, Mar. 14.
A professor of biological sciences said today that government secrecy was retarding research on the effects of atomic radiation and fallout on the human body.

Dr. George LeRoy, Dean of Biological Sciences at the University of Chicago, said the secrecy limited progress on atomic medical research to a small number of scientists who were cleared for security. This impedes information on how to treat atomic injuries, he said.

"In the event of war, the physicians of the United States will care for the victims of nuclear and other weapons regardless of how little or how much they know," said Dr. LeRoy. "It is self-evident that physicians cannot know too much about any kind of disease or injury."

INVENTOR SACKED
Dr. LeRoy's statement was made in testimony prepared for a Senate Government Operations sub-Committee which is studying a proposal for a bipartisan commission to review the government's loyalty security programme.

The security chief of Douglas Aircraft Corp. testified that a man who developed a vital jet engine starter was denied "secret" clearance to work on his own invention.

Bernard Fitzsimmons said his company following its usual policy, dismissed the inventor when the Navy and Air Force refused him access to secret work at Douglas. El Segundo (California) plant.

However, the man appealed and eventually they came through and cleared him," Mr. Fitzsimmons said. He did not identify the inventor.—United Press.

COUNSEL'S CRITICISM OF TRIAL JUDGE'S WARNING

The submission that the Trial Judge had withdrawn from the Jury a most vital part of the Defence was made by Mr. Brook A. Bernacchi, Counsel for Dr. Ng Yuk-kin, 49, medical practitioner, who is appealing his conviction on a charge of rape before the Full Court this morning.

Mr. Bernacchi criticised the warning "not to be bamboozled" given by Mr. Justice C. W. Reece in his summing-up to the Jury at the trial.

Appellant was found guilty by a Special Jury on December 13 last year of raping Tam Situn, 24-year-old spinster, at his clinic at 438 Nathan Road, first floor, on August 28, 1954. He was given five years' hard labour by Mr. Justice Reece.

The Full Court comprised Mr. Justice T. J. Gould (Acting Chief Justice), Mr. Justice J. R. Gregg (Pulmo Judge), and Mr. Justice J. Wicks (Acting Pulmo Judge).

Mr. Bernacchi is representing appellant instructed by Mr. M. A. da Silva, Mr. W. A. Blair-Kerr, Senior Crown Counsel, is for the Crown. Detective-Inspector W. Watson is present for the Police.

The appeal being conducted in English only, the public gallery was not as crowded with spectators as it had been when hearing started yesterday.

The appeal is based on twenty grounds, mainly alleging misdirection by the Trial Judge to the Jury, that he had failed to put the case for the Defence sufficiently to the Jury, and that the Trial Judge repeatedly, unfairly and unnecessarily interrupted Defence Counsel's submissions to the Jury whereby the continuity of his address was broken.

SUMMING-UP
Continuing his submissions from yesterday, Mr. Bernacchi turned to the second of the Trial Judge's summing-up, and said His Lordship dealt with the question whether or not there had been sexual intercourse at all. His Lordship dealt with the facts and said in the summing-up that the Jury would have little doubt that there had been intercourse.

Mr. Bernacchi said the Judge went on to deal with Inspector Moss's evidence. In this respect again, His Lordship simply confined himself to effecting saying he did not agree with the Defence's criticism of Inspector Moss and to putting the whole of his evidence to the Jury.

Then His Lordship dealt with the statements made by appellant to the Police at the relevant times.

Reading from passages in the summing-up, where the Trial Judge said the Defence was saying that Inspector Moss lied, that other Prosecution witnesses lied and "everybody lied," Counsel declared: "That, my Lords, was a gross exaggeration of the Defence."

The Defence, he continued, advanced a perfectly reasonable explanation to the statements made by appellant to the Police and why they were not truthful statements. He submitted the Defence was in an extraordinary position that Defence Counsel should in any way be bound in the conduct of the Defence to rely on the statements made by an accused person.

Mr. Bernacchi said the Trial Judge told the Jury: "Gentlemen, the Medical Board has no place in this room. Forget it. You are not trying this man for any moral issue. You are not members of the Medical Board. You are not concerned with the question as to whether or not the medical register is struck off the medical register. You are here to determine whether or not this man is guilty of rape. Do not be bamboozled."

ONLY ONE MEANING
Commenting on the word "bamboozled," Counsel declared: "My Lords, this word cannot have any other meaning, but that Counsel for the Defence was improperly putting forward this question of the Medical Board as to accuracy of statements and as to why he did not say truthfully what had occurred."

Mr. Bernacchi said he had pointed out why it was impossible for a medical man to admit sexual intercourse, with consent in his surgery. But the Trial Judge told the Jury not to be bamboozled by any such argument.

"I submit that it was a very clear misdirection and a very clear withdrawing from the Jury of a most vital part of the Defence, because when we came to the question of corroboration, we find the learned Judge telling the Jury that they could look at the statements of the accused, without directing them that it was a matter for them to decide whether those statements did corroborate or whether there was another reasonable explanation which would make the statements of little value to the case."

WITHDRAWN FROM JURY
Turning back to the evidence of Inspector Moss, Mr. Bernacchi said the criticism of this witness were based on the differences of the evidence he gave at the trial and the evidence he gave in the lower Court. With respect to the Trial Judge, Counsel said, whether or not Inspector Moss was telling the truth, there was every reason to criticize his evidence as being exaggerated.

The Trial Judge failed to appreciate the point about the Medical Board and withdrew it entirely from the Jury.

"I submit," Counsel continued, "that the Trial Judge was creating a contest between the Prosecution and the Defence where no contest had developed at the trial of this case."

Asked by Mr. Justice Gould what he meant by that, Mr. Bernacchi said the Trial Judge put to the Jury that they had to consider whether they believed the appellant's statements to the Police or whether they believed the medical evidence, whereas the Defence at no time during the trial suggested that their case was that the Jury should believe the statements made by appellant to the Police.

From the earliest stage, he went on, he made this point clear. The Trial Judge had asked him why he was putting questions about the Medical Board to Dr. Pang and he (Counsel) had explained his reasons. In his closing address, he also spoke on this question.

"ABUNDANTLY CLEAR"
He submitted it was abundantly clear that at no time did he advance this question for any other reason than as an explanation for the statements made by appellant and the fact that appellant was not prepared to go into the witness box.

Mr. Justice Gould said that it may have been that the Trial Judge considered that the appellant's statements in the dock did not support Defence Counsel's contention. Mr. Bernacchi replied that even assuming that appellant did not say anything from the dock, he (Counsel) would still say that an explanation was open to him to put before the Jury as a possible truthfulness in his statements to the Police.

"I submit it was not only a possible explanation, but an important one," he declared. Hearing is proceeding.

BEVAN WILL BE PRESENT
London, Mar. 15.
Mr. Aneurin Bevan, the "rebel" Labour leader, will attend tomorrow's Labour Party parliamentary group meeting when the question of his expulsion from the Party will be raised, it was announced here last night.

The 57-year-old left-wing group leader, who has been suffering from influenza and resting at his Chesham home, may even attend the House of Commons today.

Meanwhile, the arguments among the Party regarding Mr. Bevan's possible expulsion continue.

Mr. Anthony Greenwood, speaking in the London borough of Finchley said yesterday evening it would be "unilateral action" on the part of the Party to have Mr. Bevan.

Similarly, the Labour Party group of Aylesbury adopted a unanimous resolution yesterday evening "expressing a strong opinion against the threatened expulsion of the 'rebel' leader,"—United Press.

Mail Notices

The latest times of posting shown below are those for unregistered correspondence posted at G.P.O. Hongkong. The latest posting times elsewhere which, in general, are earlier than the G.P.O. times can be ascertained by enquiry at local office.

TUESDAY, MARCH 15
By Air
Korea, 6 p.m.
India-China, 6 p.m.
Formosa, Japan, Okinawa, U.S.A. & Canada, 6 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 16
By Air
Thailand, 9 a.m.
Formosa, Okinawa, Japan, Korea, Canada, 10 a.m.
Thailand, Burma, Indonesia, Australia, New Zealand, Ceylon, 6 p.m.
Japan, 6 p.m.
Switzerland, Denmark, Norway, Sweden, 6 p.m.
Formosa, 6 p.m.

THURSDAY, MARCH 17
By Air
Thailand, Burma, India, Pakistan, Middle East, Africa, Great Britain & Europe, 9 a.m.
Japan, 11 a.m.
Philippines, Guam, Hawaii, & U.S.A., 11 a.m.
Philippines, Borneo, 6 p.m.
Hawaii, U.S.A., 6 p.m.
China, People's Republic, 8.30 a.m.

FRIDAY, MARCH 18
By Air
Thailand, Burma, India, Pakistan, Middle East, Africa, Great Britain & Europe, 9 a.m.
Japan, 11 a.m.
Philippines, Guam, Hawaii, & U.S.A., 11 a.m.
Philippines, Borneo, 6 p.m.
Hawaii, U.S.A., 6 p.m.
China, People's Republic, 8.30 a.m.

SATURDAY, MARCH 19
By Air
Thailand, Burma, India, Pakistan, Middle East, Africa, Great Britain & Europe, 9 a.m.
Japan, 11 a.m.
Philippines, Guam, Hawaii, & U.S.A., 11 a.m.
Philippines, Borneo, 6 p.m.
Hawaii, U.S.A., 6 p.m.
China, People's Republic, 8.30 a.m.

SUNDAY, MARCH 20
By Air
Thailand, Burma, India, Pakistan, Middle East, Africa, Great Britain & Europe, 9 a.m.
Japan, 11 a.m.
Philippines, Guam, Hawaii, & U.S.A., 11 a.m.
Philippines, Borneo, 6 p.m.
Hawaii, U.S.A., 6 p.m.
China, People's Republic, 8.30 a.m.

Friends On Round The World Tour

Taking in Hongkong's beautiful scenery today are 18 American tourists, who arrived by Pan American Airways this morning.

Led by Mr. and Mrs. Hayward, they are on a round the world trip taking 60 days. They are all personal friends of the Haywards, and all have travelled extensively.

This is a new idea for the Haywards, who have travelled all their lives but have only just started to take friends with them. This is their third round the world trip with friends.

The group is staying in Hongkong for five days. "We love Hongkong so much that we have to stay a longer time here," said Mrs. Hayward. They will then continue to Manila, and thence to Rome where they will pick up another group who wish to tour Europe. "We take about two groups a year to Europe," she explained.

Mr. and Mrs. Hayward have their office in Los Angeles, where they arrange all their tours. It is however purely for pleasure that they arrange three tours and they take only friends, mostly from California.

Radio Hongkong

H.K.T.
6 Time Signal and Programme Summary: 6.03 H.K. Standard Time, 6.05 H.K. Standard Time, 6.10 H.K. Standard Time, 6.15 H.K. Standard Time, 6.20 H.K. Standard Time, 6.25 H.K. Standard Time, 6.30 H.K. Standard Time, 6.35 H.K. Standard Time, 6.40 H.K. Standard Time, 6.45 H.K. Standard Time, 6.50 H.K. Standard Time, 6.55 H.K. Standard Time, 7.00 H.K. Standard Time, 7.05 H.K. Standard Time, 7.10 H.K. Standard Time, 7.15 H.K. Standard Time, 7.20 H.K. Standard Time, 7.25 H.K. Standard Time, 7.30 H.K. Standard Time, 7.35 H.K. Standard Time, 7.40 H.K. Standard Time, 7.45 H.K. Standard Time, 7.50 H.K. Standard Time, 7.55 H.K. Standard Time, 8.00 H.K. Standard Time, 8.05 H.K. Standard Time, 8.10 H.K. Standard Time, 8.15 H.K. Standard Time, 8.20 H.K. Standard Time, 8.25 H.K. Standard Time, 8.30 H.K. Standard Time, 8.35 H.K. Standard Time, 8.40 H.K. Standard Time, 8.45 H.K. Standard Time, 8.50 H.K. Standard Time, 8.55 H.K. Standard Time, 9.00 H.K. Standard Time, 9.05 H.K. Standard Time, 9.10 H.K. Standard Time, 9.15 H.K. Standard Time, 9.20 H.K. Standard Time, 9.25 H.K. Standard Time, 9.30 H.K. Standard Time, 9.35 H.K. Standard Time, 9.40 H.K. Standard Time, 9.45 H.K. Standard Time, 9.50 H.K. Standard Time, 9.55 H.K. Standard Time, 10.00 H.K. Standard Time, 10.05 H.K. Standard Time, 10.10 H.K. Standard Time, 10.15 H.K. Standard Time, 10.20 H.K. Standard Time, 10.25 H.K. Standard Time, 10.30 H.K. Standard Time, 10.35 H.K. Standard Time, 10.40 H.K. Standard Time, 10.45 H.K. Standard Time, 10.50 H.K. Standard Time, 10.55 H.K. Standard Time, 11.00 H.K. Standard Time, 11.05 H.K. Standard Time, 11.10 H.K. Standard Time, 11.15 H.K. Standard Time, 11.20 H.K. Standard Time, 11.25 H.K. Standard Time, 11.30 H.K. Standard Time, 11.35 H.K. Standard Time, 11.40 H.K. Standard Time, 11.45 H.K. Standard Time, 11.50 H.K. Standard Time, 11.55 H.K. Standard Time, 12.00 H.K. Standard Time, 12.05 H.K. Standard Time, 12.10 H.K. Standard Time, 12.15 H.K. Standard Time, 12.20 H.K. Standard Time, 12.25 H.K. Standard Time, 12.30 H.K. Standard Time, 12.35 H.K. Standard Time, 12.40 H.K. Standard Time, 12.45 H.K. Standard Time, 12.50 H.K. Standard Time, 12.55 H.K. Standard Time, 1.00 H.K. Standard Time, 1.05 H.K. Standard Time, 1.10 H.K. Standard Time, 1.15 H.K. Standard Time, 1.20 H.K. Standard Time, 1.25 H.K. Standard Time, 1.30 H.K. Standard Time, 1.35 H.K. Standard Time, 1.40 H.K. Standard Time, 1.45 H.K. Standard Time, 1.50 H.K. Standard Time, 1.55 H.K. Standard Time, 2.00 H.K. Standard Time, 2.05 H.K. Standard Time, 2.10 H.K. Standard Time, 2.15 H.K. Standard Time, 2.20 H.K. Standard Time, 2.25 H.K. Standard Time, 2.30 H.K. Standard Time, 2.35 H.K. Standard Time, 2.40 H.K. Standard Time, 2.45 H.K. Standard Time, 2.50 H.K. Standard Time, 2.55 H.K. Standard Time, 3.00 H.K. Standard Time, 3.05 H.K. Standard Time, 3.10 H.K. Standard Time, 3.15 H.K. Standard Time, 3.20 H.K. Standard Time, 3.25 H.K. Standard Time, 3.30 H.K. Standard Time, 3.35 H.K. Standard Time, 3.40 H.K. Standard Time, 3.45 H.K. Standard Time, 3.50 H.K. Standard Time, 3.55 H.K. Standard Time, 4.00 H.K. Standard Time, 4.05 H.K. Standard Time, 4.10 H.K. Standard Time, 4.15 H.K. Standard Time, 4.20 H.K. Standard Time, 4.25 H.K. Standard Time, 4.30 H.K. Standard Time, 4.35 H.K. Standard Time, 4.40 H.K. Standard Time, 4.45 H.K. Standard Time, 4.50 H.K. Standard Time, 4.55 H.K. Standard Time, 5.00 H.K. Standard Time, 5.05 H.K. Standard Time, 5.10 H.K. Standard Time, 5.15 H.K. Standard Time, 5.20 H.K. Standard Time, 5.25 H.K. Standard Time, 5.30 H.K. Standard Time, 5.35 H.K. Standard Time, 5.40 H.K. Standard Time, 5.45 H.K. Standard Time, 5.50 H.K. Standard Time, 5.55 H.K. Standard Time, 6.00 H.K. Standard Time, 6.05 H.K. Standard Time, 6.10 H.K. Standard Time, 6.15 H.K. Standard Time, 6.20 H.K. Standard Time, 6.25 H.K. Standard Time, 6.30 H.K. Standard Time, 6.35 H.K. Standard Time, 6.40 H.K. Standard Time, 6.45 H.K. Standard Time, 6.50 H.K. Standard Time, 6.55 H.K. Standard Time, 7.00 H.K. Standard Time, 7.05 H.K. Standard Time, 7.10 H.K. Standard Time, 7.15 H.K. Standard Time, 7.20 H.K. Standard Time, 7.25 H.K. Standard Time, 7.30 H.K. Standard Time, 7.35 H.K. Standard Time, 7.40 H.K. Standard Time, 7.45 H.K. Standard Time, 7.50 H.K. Standard Time, 7.55 H.K. Standard Time, 8.00 H.K. Standard Time, 8.05 H.K. Standard Time, 8.10 H.K. Standard Time, 8.15 H.K. Standard Time, 8.20 H.K. Standard Time, 8.25 H.K. Standard Time, 8.30 H.K. Standard Time, 8.35 H.K. Standard Time, 8.40 H.K. Standard Time, 8.45 H.K. Standard Time, 8.50 H.K. Standard Time, 8.55 H.K. Standard Time, 9.00 H.K. Standard Time, 9.05 H.K. Standard Time, 9.10 H.K. Standard Time, 9.15 H.K. Standard Time, 9.20 H